# **ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS 2014**

# Ph.D (History)

Time: 2 Hours	Max. Marks	: 75
Hall Ticket Number:		

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. The question paper contains two parts (Part-A and Part-.B)
- 2 Both parts contain essay type questions.
- 3 Before you start writing your answers, please check that this question paper does not have any unprinted, torn or missing pages or items.

### Part A (Marks 15)

Answer any **ONE** of the following questions in about 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 1. What purpose does 'narrative' form serve in historical writing?
- 2. If historical evidence is contained in various and disparate sources, how does historian draw from them and corroborate in the project of writing history?

### Part B (Marks $4 \times 15 = 60$ )

Answer any FOUR of the following questions in about 500 words. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 1. Did ideological change and social change go hand in hand during the Vedic age?
- 2. Describe the economic conditions during the Gupta and the post-Gupta eras.
- 3. Elaborate on the chief features of the state and society during the Sangam Age.
- 4. Did the Buddhist ideas of social justice bring about a revolution in ancient India?
- 5. Discuss the available Persian sources for writing the history of medieval India.
- 6. "Establishment of the Turkish rule in India led to a new culture that did not promote the homogenization of society." Discuss the social structure of medieval India in the light of this statement.
- 7. Was Muhammad bin Tughlaq a visionary?
- 8. Did the Jagirdari crisis lead to the disintegration of the Mughal Empire?
- 9. Is it correct to argue that the 'modern' period of Indian history begins with the Battle of Plassey?
- 10. How does 'subaltern' historiography differ from Marxist historiography of modern India?
- 11. How did Gandhi's vision for the future of India differ from Nehru's vision?
- 12. How did 'caste' get redefined and strengthened during colonial rule?