# Entrance Examination, February 2014 MPhil (Political Science)

Maximum marks:	(	7	Time: 2 hrs
Hall Ticket No.			

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your Hall Ticket Number in the OMR answer sheet and a separate answer book given to you. Also write the Hall Ticket Number in the space provided above.
- 2. This question paper consists of two parts—Part A and Part B. Part A consists of 50 objective type questions of one mark each for a total of 50 marks.
- 3. Answers for Part A must be marked on the OMR sheet following the instructions provided thereupon.
- 4. There is negative marking for a wrong answer in Part A. Each wrong answer carries -0.33 mark.
- 5. Part B consists of five descriptive type questions and should be answered in a separate answer book provided. Attempt any TWO questions, each of which carries 12.5 marks for a total of 25 marks.
- 6. Hand over the OMR answer sheet and the Answer Book of Part B at the end of the examination to the invigilator.
- 7. No additional sheets will be provided. Rough work can be done in the question paper itself.

## Part A (Objective Type)

Answer all questions.

## Answer only in the OMR sheet provided.

Read instructions in OMR sheet carefully.

Each wrong answer carries -0.33 mark.

- 1. Thinkers like Hobbes and Locke are:
  - A. Communists
  - B. Existentialists
  - C. Socialists
  - D. Contractarians
- 2. 'General will' refers to:
  - A. Particular will
  - B. Will to power
  - C. Common good
  - D. Will of all
- 3. The Idea of Justice is written by:
  - A. Plato
  - B. Amartya Sen
  - C. John Rawls
  - D. Karl Marx
- 4. The term 'I think, therefore, I am' was coined by:
  - A. Descartes
  - B. Hegel
  - C. Marx
  - D. Gandhi
- 5. 'Logical positivism' refers to:
  - A. A form of logic
  - B. A form of positivism
  - C. Division of knowledge into logic and sensory experience
  - D. A positive way of thinking
- 6. The concepts of 'virtú' and 'fortuna' can be associated with:
  - A. Plato
  - B. Machiavelli
  - C. Aristotle
  - D. St. Augustine

7. The idea of 'the greatest happiness of the greatest number' was proposed by: A. J.S. Mill B. Jeremy Bentham C. James Mill D. Karl Marx 8. Match the following books with their authors by choosing the correct code that follows: **Books** Authors (i)Two Treatises of Government a) Jean-Jacques Rousseau (ii)The Social Contract or Principles b) G.W.F. Hegel of Political Right c) John Locke (iii)Philosophy of Right Code A. i-a; ii-b; iii-c B. i-c; ii-b; iii-a C. i-c; ii-a; iii-b D. i-b; ii-a; iii-c 9. The idea of Enlightenment in Europe meant: A. Spiritual awakening B. Religious revival C. Humanism, rationality and universalism D. Liberty, equality and fraternity 10. Match the following books with their authors by choosing the correct code that follows: **Books Authors** (i) A Theory of Justice a) Michael Walzer (ii) The Idea of Justice b) John Rawls (iii) Spheres of Justice c) Amartya Sen Code: A. i-c; ii-a; iii-b B. i-b; ii-c; iii-a C. i-a; ii-b; iii-c D. i-c; ii-b; iii-a 11. Consider the following: i. Client -focused administration ii. Post-positivism iii. Debureaucratisation iv. Democratic decision-making Decentralisation of administrative process Which of the combinations below constitutes the key features of 'New Public Administration'? A. i, iii and iv B. ii, iii and v C. i,ii,iii,iv and v D. i, ii and iii

- 12. Who is the chairman of 14th Finance Commission of India?
  - A. Montek Singh Ahluwalia
  - B. C. Rangarajan
  - C. Y.V. Reddy
  - D. M.M. Punchhi
- 13. Which of the following is not a feature of systems approach?
  - A. It is adaptive
  - B. It is deterministic
  - C. It is multi-variable
  - D. It is descriptive
- 14. Who are the authors of the book titled Reinventing Government?
  - A. James Manor and Paul Smoke
  - B. Robert Dahl and H. Simon
  - C. Gerry Stoker and Peter Guey
  - D. David Osborne and Ted Gaebler
- 15. Which of the following principles is the obverse of the doctrine of ministerial responsibility?
  - A. Neutrality
  - B. Impersonality
  - C. Integrity
  - D. Anonymity
- 16. According to which theory, leadership is multi-dimensional?
  - A. Behavioural theory
  - B. Situational theory
  - C. Trait theory
  - D. None of the above
- 17. Arrange the following stages of decision making process in the proper order by choosing the correct code that follows:
  - 1. Stating the best course of action
  - 2. Evaluating tentative decisions
  - 3. Acquiring the different viewpoints
  - 4. Investigating tentative decisions
  - 5. Instituting follow-up action

### Code:

- A. 4,1,3,5,2
- B. 1,3,4,2,5
- C. 3,1,4,2,5
- D. 3,4,1,2,5

- 18. The 'principle of subsidiarity' is a:
  - A. Top down approach
  - B. Bureaucratic approach
  - C. Bottom up approach
  - D. Political economy approach
- 19. Consider the following:
  - i. People
  - ii. Motivation
  - iii. Informal group
  - iv. Principles of organisation

The 'human relations theory' lays emphasis on which of the following:

- A. i, and iii
- B. i, ii and iv
- C. i, iii and iv
- D. i, ii, and iii
- 20. Who of the following does not belong to the 'new human relations approach'?
  - A. Chris Argyris
  - B. Elton Mayo
  - C. Rensis Likert
  - D. Warren Bennis
- 21. Which of the following is not a constitutional body?
  - A. Finance commission
  - B. Planning commission
  - C. Election Commission
  - D. Comptroller and Auditor General
- 22. Which of the following is not true about the Constituent Assembly of India?
  - A. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar was the chairman of Drafting Committee of the Constitution
  - B. Election of the members in the Constituent Assembly was based on adult suffrage
  - C. B.N. Rau was the Constitutional Adviser of the Constituent Assembly
  - D. The Constituent Assembly acted as the interim Parliament for independent India
- 23. In which of the following cases did the Supreme Court of India introduce the concept, 'basic structure' of the Constitution?
  - A. Sajjan Singh case
  - B. A.K. Gopalan case
  - C. Keshavananda Bharati case
  - D. Sankari Prasad case

- 24. The 'Objectives Resolution' was moved in the Constituent Assembly by:
  - A. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
  - B. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
  - C. Jawaharlal Nehru
  - D. Sardar Vallabhai Patel
- 25. Which political scientist introduced the concept, 'the Congress system'?
  - A. Zoya Hasan
  - B. Susanne H. Rudolph
  - C. Yogendra Yadav
  - D. Rajni Kothari
- 26. In India, which is the highest body to approve the Five Year Plans?
  - A. Union Cabinet
  - B. Planning Commission
  - C. National Development Council
  - D. Parliament
- 27. Ninth Schedule of Indian Constitution deals with:
  - A. Protection of Scheduled Areas
  - B. Immunity to legislations from judiciary
  - C. Linguistic states
  - D. Anti-defection law
- 28. How do proponents of Hindutva define 'pseudo-secularism'?
  - A. Strong religiosity
  - B. Appeasement of religious minorities
  - C. Appeasement of cultural/linguistic and caste minorities
  - D. Secularism of BJP
- 29. 'Integral humanism' was propounded by which of the following political leaders?
  - A. M. N. Roy
  - B. B. R. Ambedkar
  - C. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya
  - D. E.V. Ramaswamy Naicker
- 30. The resignation letter of the Speaker of Lok Sabha is addressed to the:
  - A. President
  - B. Chairman of Rajya Sabha
  - C. Deputy Speaker
  - D. Leader of the house

- 31. Thucydides is associated with:
  - A. Idealism

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- B. Liberalism
- C. Realism
- D. Marxism
- 32. For Lenin, imperialism is the highest stage of:
  - A. Fascism
  - B. Anarchism
  - C. Capitalism
  - D. Syndicalism
- 33. Neo-realism of Kenneth Waltz analyses security at:
  - A. One level
  - B. Two levels
  - C. Three levels
  - D. Four levels
- 34. What is the status of Palestine in the United Nations (UN)?
  - A. State
  - B. Protectorate
  - C. Non-member Observer State
  - D. Associate State
- 35. Which of the following organs of the United Nations is defunct since 1990s?
  - A. Trusteeship Council
  - B. The Secretariat
  - C. General Assembly
  - D. Security Council
- 36. Montreal Protocol is associated with
  - A. Environmental Protection
  - B. Nuclear Safety
  - C. Free Trade
  - D. Civil Aviation
- 37. Which is the highest decision-making body of World Trade Organization (WTO)?
  - A. Director General
  - B. General Council
  - C. Ministerial Conference
  - D. Dispute Settlement Board
- 38. The concept of 'human security' originated in the report of:
  - A. Amnesty International
  - B. United Nations Development Programme
  - C. United Nations Environmental Programme
  - D. International Red Cross

- 39. The term 'imagined communities' is associated with:
  - A. Partha Chatterjee
  - B. Ernest Gellner
  - C. Benedict Anderson
  - D. Anthony Smith
- 40. Which of the following concepts in international relations is employed by Gramscian scholars?
  - A. Hegemony
  - B. Domination
  - C. Anarchy
  - D. World-systems
- 41. Which one of the following is a feature of political culture?
  - A. It lays stress on the study of past culture of the society
  - B. It studies social system of the society
  - C. It helps in knowing political values of the people
  - D. It lays stress on the study of different forms of government
- 42. 'We are under the Constitution but the Constitution is what the judges say it is.' This is said about the judiciary of:
  - A. India
  - B. U.K
  - C. U.S.A
  - D. Switzerland
- 43. In which of the following federations, residuary powers rest with the centre?
  - A. India, Canada and Switzerland
  - B. Canada, Australia and U.S.A
  - C. Canada, Australia and India
  - D. U.S.A, India and Australia
- 44. Federation implies:
  - A. Concentration of powers
  - B. Fusion of powers
  - C. Division of powers
  - D. Devolution of powers
- 45. Spoils system in the politics of U.S.A implies:
  - A. Destroying old official records after a fixed period
  - B. Award of administrative positions to party loyalists
  - C. Policy of non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries
  - D. Manipulation of the boundaries of electoral constituencies

- 46. Game theory in Political Science is primarily used for the study of:
  - A. Constitutions of the world
  - B. Parliamentary institutions
  - C. International relations
  - D. Pressure groups
- 47. Systems Theory of organization is based on the principles that:
  - A. Each element in the organization functions as a check on the other
  - B. All elements in the organization counteract with each other
  - C. All parts of the organization are interdependent
  - D. All elements in the organization function independently of each other
- 48. The Chief Election Commissioner of India is appointed by:
  - A. Prime Minister, in consultation with his Cabinet
  - B. Chief Justice of India
  - C. President of India
  - D. Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission
- 49. A confederation:
  - A. Is a body consisting of units of a federation
  - B. Is a unit of a unitary government
  - C. Is a union of sovereign states
  - D. Is a group of protectorates
- 50. Which one of the following has been described as the soul of the Indian Constitution?
  - A. The chapter on Fundamental Rights
  - B. The chapter on Directive Principles of State Policy
  - C. The Preamble
  - D. The provisions regarding judicial review

#### Part B

Marks: 25

Answer any TWO of the following questions in about two or three pages. Each question carries 12.5 marks. A separate answer book is provided for answers.

- 1. Write an essay on John Locke's justification of private property.
- 2. What is good governance? Critically examine the initiatives for good governance in light of the Second Administrative Reforms Commission's recommendations.
- 3. Discuss the major debates on Indian secularism.
- 4. Examine the impact of globalization on the Westphalian notion of sovereign territorial nation-states?
- 5. Critically examine the concept of 'political development.'