ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 2015

Ph.D. (History)

Time: 2 hours	Max. Marks: 75
Hall Ticket Number:	

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The question paper contains two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
- 2. Part 'A' is major essay.
- 3. Part 'B' consists of short essay and should be answered on separate sheet.
- 4. Before you start writing your answers, please check that this question paper does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items.

Part-A (Marks 15)

Answer any <u>ONE</u> of the following questions in about 500 words.

- 1. Sometimes history has been described as a different form of "fiction". Do you agree?
- 2. Write a note on periodization in Indian history and its validity today?
- 3. How can we construct the history of people who have not left any written evidence?
- 4. How can literature be used as source for history writing.

Part-B (Marks 4x15-60)

Answer any FOUR of the following questions in about 500 words

- 1. To what extent did Roman trade defined the economy of the early India (200BCE-200CE)? Elaborate.
- 2. Elaborate on the chief features of state and society during the Sangam Age.
- 3. Is it justified to argue that the Buddhist ideas of social justice bring about a 'revolution' in ancient India? discuss
- 4. Discuss the contributions of ancient India to the field of science and technology.
- 5. Alauddin Khilji's market reforms controlled the prices as well as ensured supply of goods to the market. Explain the system adopted to achieve the purpose.
- 6. The system of land revenue administration developed during Akbar's period can be considered to be scientific in nature. Analyze the statement explaining the system.
- 7. The conquest of Delhi in 1526 did not make Babur the emperor of Hindustan. It was Akbar's policies which laid the foundation of Mughal rule in India--discuss.
- 8. Write a note on the textile technology available in medieval India and the social response to the introduction of new technologies.
- 9. How and why did the Self-Respect movement gain momentum in South India?
- 10. Critically discuss the theoretical assumptions behind the growth of nationalism in India. Do you think it was an "inclusive" movement, as it claimed?
- 11. Did the colonial rule make the caste system more rigid? Explain.
- 12. Did right-wingers come to exercise control over the politics of the Indian national congress before 1947?

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