ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2015
Centre for the Study of Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy

M.Phil

Time: 2 hours

Instructions:

1. The question paper contains 5 pages. It has two parts, viz., Part A for 25 marks and Part-B for 50 marks.

2. The entrance test paper should not be taken out of the examination hall

3. Part-A consists of 25 multiple choice questions. Each correct answer carries ONE mark. There is negative marking for every wrong answer at the rate of 0.33 mark. There is however, no negative marking for questions not attempted.

4. Part-B questions should be answered on a separate answer book supplied in the examination hall. Additional sheets may be provided.

5. Part-A and part-B answer scripts should be tied together before handing them over to the investigator.

QUESTION-ANSWER SHEET

PART-A: Objective questions (for a maximum of 25 marks)  1x25=25

Write the correct answer (A/B/C/D) in brackets:

1. Who is associated with the basic concept of ‘class interest’ derives from the ‘theory of social class’?
   A. Lenin
   C. Rousseau
   B. Karl Marx
   C. Max Weber

2. Identify the author of the book “Blocked by Caste: Economic Discrimination in Modern India”?
   A. Dipankar Gupta
   C. Jan Breman
   B. Sukhadeo Thorat
   D. Nandu Ram
A. B.S. Baviskar B. Hilary Silver
C. Arjan de Haan D. Virginius Xaxa

4. With whom among the following is the concept ‘the capability approach’ associated?
A. Amartya Sen B. Naila Kabeer
C. Brian Barry D. Rene Lenoir

5. The Dowry Prohibition Act has come into existence in which year?
A. 1961 B. 1967
C. 1971 D. 1978

6. Which of the following is a matrilineal community in India?
A. Khasi B. Banjara
C. Toda D. Liangmai Naga

7. Which of the following is an indicator of poverty in India?
A. Illiteracy B. Income level
C. Employment level D. Poor health

8. The theory of ‘social dualism’ has been put forward by
A. J. Habermas B. Emile Durkheim
C. J.H. Boeke D. Simon Maxwell

9. National policy for children was formulated in the year
A. 1974 B. 1986
C. 1994 D. 2001

10. Who said - “Social exclusion is a rupturing of the social bond. It is a process of declining participation, access, and solidarity”?
A. Anthony Giddens B. Arjan de Haan
C. Hilary Silver D. Simon Maxwell

11. Tribal Sub-Pan (TSP) has been introduced during which of the following Plan period?
A. Third Five Year Plan Period B. Fourth Five Year Plan Period
C. Fifth Five Year Plan Period D. Sixth Five Year Plan Period
12. Who is the author of "A Theory of Justice"?
A. B. R. Ambedkar  B. John Rawls
C. Karl Marx        D. John Stuart Mill

13. In which year a separate ministry for Tribal Affairs in India has been created after bifurcating the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment?
A. 1999  B. 2004
C. 1998  D. 2009

14. According to the National Policy for Children – 2013, what is the upper age limit of a person to be considered a child?
A. 14  B. 15
C. 16  D. 18

15. In which year the maintenance and welfare of parents and senior citizens act, was passed in India?
A. 2004  B. 2005
C. 2007  D. 2008

16. Who is the author of the document ‘States and Minorities’?
A. Jyothi Rao Phule  B. Syed Ahmad Khan
C. Muhammad Ali Jinnah D. B. R. Ambedkar

17. Which among the following states have achieved 95% financial inclusion in terms of the PM Janadhana Yojana recently?
A. Goa  B. Sikkim
C. Haryana  D. Punjab

18. The World Health Organisation (WHO) has issued an International Health Emergency on 8 August 2014 over Ebola outbreak. Ebola virus was first discovered in which country?
A. Ghana  B. Tanzania
C. Congo  D. Sierra Leone

19. According to the Indian Human Development Survey (IHDS-2), what proportion of Indian population practice untouchability?
A. 1/2  B. 1/3
C. 1/8  D. 1/4
20. Who coined the term ‘Sanskritisation’ of caste?
A. M.N. Srinivas
C. T.N. Madan
B. G.S. Ghurye
D. K.L. Sharma

21. Which of the following characteristics can be found more in employing girl child labourer?
A. Low pay and low status
C. No skill formation
B. Physical abuse
D. All the above

22. Participating in the eradication of illiteracy is a
A. Political change
C. Ethical change
B. Social change
D. None of the above

23. Caste is an example of which status?
A. Achieved
C. Ascribed
B. Social
C. Economic

24. MADA stands for which of the following?
A. Modified Area Development Approach
B. Manage Area Development Approach
C. Modified Approach Development Area
D. None of the above

25. Match the following.
1. a) Ivan Illich
   2. b) Paul Goodman
   3. c) Paulo Freire
   4. d) John Dewey

A) a-3, b-4, c-2, d-1
C) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
B) a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4
D) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3
PART –B (For a maximum of 50 marks)

Section – 1

Answer one of the following. It carries 20 marks. (1 x 20 = 20)

1. What are the major areas of exclusion with reference to Scheduled Tribes?

OR

2. Define “honour killings”. Why do some communities still practice honour killings in India.

Section – 11

Answer any three of the following questions. Each question carries 10 marks (3 x 10 = 30)

1. Critically examine the composition and functions of the Social Justice Bench recently constituted by the Supreme Court of India?

2. Define the concept of hunger? Examine Amartya Sen’s perspective on Bengal famine?

3. Elaborate the “waves of feminism” with examples?

4. Critically examine the theory of alienation as expounded by Karl Marx?

5. Discuss the main components of the ‘State Socialism’ as enunciated by B.R. Ambedkar?

6. Explain the origin of residential education system in India? How does it bring about social change among Schedule Caste and Schedule Tribe?

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