I-45

| Hall Ticket Number |  |
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#### **CENTRE FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE STUDIES**

## M.PHIL. ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2015

Max. Time: 2 hours Max. Marks: 75

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Do **NOT** reveal your identity in any manner in any part of the answer book.
- 2. Enter your Hall Ticket Number on the FIRST page of EACH answer book. This paper comprises THREE SECTIONS in all.
- 3. **SECTION A** consists of objective type questions and 0.33 marks will be deducted for every wrong answer. No marks will be deducted for questions not attempted.
- 4. **SECTION B** also consists of objective type questions but there is no negative marking for wrong answers.
- 5. **SECTION C** requires an essay type answer.
- 6. Write your answer in the space provided. No additional paper or answer book will be given.
- 7. Space for rough work is provided on pages 8 and 14.

| SECTION A: LANGUAGE [TOTAL MARKS: 25]   |
|---|
| There are <b>25</b> questions to answer.  All questions carry <b>ONE MARK</b> each.  Put a tick mark (✓) in the box against the correct answer.   |
| In the following question a statement is given followed by three assumptions numbered i, ii and iii. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions, decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement and choose your answer accordingly. |
| Statement: "Buy pure and natural cheese of company XYZ" – an advertisement in a newspaper.  |
| Assumptions:  |
| <ul><li>i. Artificial cheese can be prepared.</li><li>ii. People do not mind paying more for pure and natural cheese.</li><li>iii. No other company supplies pure cheese.</li></ul>   |
| <ul> <li>□ A. Only i is implicit.</li> <li>□ B. Only ii is implicit</li> <li>□ C. Only iii is implicit</li> <li>□ D. Only i and iii are implicit</li> </ul>   |
| Read the short passage given below carefully and find an appropriate option that can be repeated in all the blanks.   |
| In the metaphor, the is a working population and the slice I gave you is a sample. In a valid survey, any slice I might give you should be representative of the whole so that your response to the slice would represent your response to the whole                    |
| □ A. pizza □ B. rice □ C. custard   |
| D. tea  |
| Fill in the blanks with the appropriate choice.   |
| The band's manager had taken only glance at the contract before he signed it, and it cost him and the band millions of dollars; as a result, he always told others to take time for of any documents before signing them.   |

1.

2.

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|     |  | A. a scrutinizinga compendium  |
|-----|--|--|
|     |  | B. a hastya gander   |
|     |  | C. a thoroughan analysis   |
|     | Ö  | D. a cursorya perusal  |
| 4.  | Find the                                     | odd sentence in the paragraph. (The sentences of the paragraph have been numbered.)  |
|     | ii. India<br>gove<br>iii. Banni<br>iv. Media | rters are denied access to information or simply banned from entering certain offices.  In media today is subjected to all kinds of pressures from authorities, institutions, rnments and corporates.  In newspapers had been the most visible form of attack on press freedom.  In managements are threatened with various forms of bullying the moment there's an omfortable report. |
| , f |  | A. Contonno :  |
|     |  | A. Sentence i<br>3. Sentence ii  |
|     |  | C. Sentence iii  |
|     |  | D. Sentence iv   |
|     |  | 5. Schence W   |
| 5.  | Given be                                     | low are parts of a sentence. Spot the part which has a grammatical error in it.  |
|     |  | A. Bible   |
|     |  | 3. can be  |
|     |  | C. regarded as   |
|     |  | D. a great book.   |
|     | Select the                                   | e pair which has the same kind of relationship as the given pair in capital letters.   |
| 6.  | TEN:DEC                                      | IMAL   |
|     |  | Covenicentet   |
|     |  | a. seven:septet<br>B. four:quartet   |
|     |  | c. two:binary  |
|     |  | o. five:quince   |
|     |  |  |
| 7.  | FILTER:V                                     | VATER  |
|     | □ A  | . curtail:activity   |
|     |  | expunge:book   |
|     |  | a edit:text  |
|     |  | censor:play  |
|     |  |  |
|     |  |  |

## Read the paragraph below and answer questions 8-10.

I felt the wall of the tunnel shiver. The master alarm squealed through my earphones. Almost simultaneously, Jack yelled down to me that there was a warning light on. Fleeting but spectacular sights snapped into and out of view, the snow, the shower of debris, the moon, looming close and big, the dazzling sunshine for once unfiltered by layers of air. The last twelve hours before re-entry were particular bone-chilling. During this period, I had to go up in to

could still see our frosty breath inside the command module. The word 'Command Module' used twice in the given passage indicates perhaps that it deals with 8. A. an alarming journey П B. a commanding situation П C. a journey into outer space П D. a frightful battle In the passage above, which one of the following reasons would one consider as more possible 9. for the warning lights to be on? A. There was a shower of debris. B. Jack was yelling. C. A catastrophe was imminent. П D. The moon was looming close and big. 10. In the passage above, the statement that the dazzling sunshine was "for once unfiltered by layers of air" means A. that the sun was very hot B. that there was no strong wind П C. that the air was unpolluted П D. none of above 11. Which one of the following is grammatically correct? A. I suggest that she consult the doctor. B. I suggest that she consulted the doctor. C. I suggest she consulted the doctor. D. I suggest her to consult the doctor. 12. Choose the appropriate sequence of the sentences in the text below. i. The paper was returned to the student with a written comment from the professor: "I have read this paper four times now, and I like it better each time." ii. The following year, this student again sold this prized paper to the highest bidder, who submitted it to the same teacher. iii. When I was a first year student, we had a professor who was notoriously tough on grading term papers; he rarely gave anything higher than a 'D'. iv. Well, this student hung on to her paper, and sold it to the highest bidder at the end of the semester. He received a 'B+'. The buyer submitted it to the same professor in the next semester, getting a 'B'. vii. At last in one class he rewarded one student with a 'B-'. viii. Finally, yet another student submitted the paper for a fourth time and was awarded an 'A'. A. iii, vii, iv, vi, ii, v, viii, i B. i, ii, vi, v, iii, vii, viii, iv П C. i, ii, vi, iii, v, iv, vi, viii D. iii, vii, iv, ii, vi, v, viii, i

command module. Even after the fiery re-entry splashing down in water in the South Pacific, we

| 13. | Which of the following is the correct sentence?  |
|-----|--|
| 1   | <ul> <li>□ A. All the questions carry equal weightage.</li> <li>□ B. All the questions carries equal weightage.</li> <li>□ C. All the questions carry equal weight.</li> <li>□ D. All the questions carries equal weight.</li> </ul> |
| 14. | Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks.   |
|     | Information and communication technology (ICT) in education is to contribute to educational equality due to its effects on students and the opportunities it offers for facilitating differentiation and individualization.          |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. undertaken, rousing</li> <li>□ B. undertaken, stirring</li> <li>□ C. assumed, motivating</li> <li>□ D. assumed, exciting</li> </ul>  |
| 15. | Choose the best pair of adjectives to suit the context of the passage given below.   |
|     | People's reactions to poor use of grammar are manifold: quiet smugness derision, derision, outrage and on-the-spot corrections probably constitute the most common.  A. mock, actual B. artificial, natural C. unreal, real          |
|     | □ D. awkward, genuine  |
| 16. | The sentence below reads better if we add "out" at a couple of places. Which is the best combination among the options listed below?   |
|     | We experience frustration when the task of selecting pictures, which is something we've chosen to do because we figured it would be quicker than typing, ends up taking longer than if we'd written it in the first place.           |
|     | <ul> <li>i. task of selecting out pictures</li> <li>ii. chosen out to do</li> <li>iii. we figured out it would be quicker</li> <li>iv. if we'd written it out</li> </ul>   |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. i &amp; ii</li> <li>□ B. i &amp; iii</li> <li>□ C. ii &amp; iv</li> <li>□ D. iii &amp; iv</li> </ul>   |

| 17. | Choose the right option to complete the following sentence.  |  |  |
|-----|--|--|--|
|     | Hayley Wright, a 27-year-old fine art graduate, works as a student experience tutor at Manchester Metropolitan University's business school,   |  |  |
| •   | <ul> <li>A. alongside being a freelance artist who creates textiles and embroidery.</li> <li>B. beside being a freelance artist who creates textiles and embroidery.</li> <li>C. also being a freelance artist who creates textiles and embroidery.</li> <li>D. next to being a freelance artist who creates textiles and embroidery.</li> </ul> |  |  |
| 18. | A stanza from one of Tennyson's poems is given below. The topic of these lines is  |  |  |
| •   | Behold, we know not anything; I can but trust that good shall fall At last—far off—at last, to all, And every winter change to spring.   |  |  |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. seasons</li> <li>□ B. facts</li> <li>□ C. hope</li> <li>□ D. despondency</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| 19. | Find the antonym of the underlined word in the sentence given below.   |  |  |
|     | While I do not consider myself <u>ingenuous</u> , I do not mind giving everyone at least one chance to do good.  |  |  |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. artful</li> <li>□ B. gullible</li> <li>□ C. scrupulous</li> <li>□ D. credulous</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| 20. | Find the synonym of the underlined word in the sentence given below.   |  |  |
|     | Adding those flamboyant earrings to such a colourful skirt gives your entire outfit a <u>meretricious</u> effect.  |  |  |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. genuine</li> <li>□ B. garish</li> <li>□ C. genius</li> <li>□ D. guileless</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| 21. | Choose the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.   |  |  |
|     | If Sanjay would muck with the rest of us, we would finish much faster.   |  |  |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. up</li> <li>□ B. in</li> <li>□ C. along</li> <li>□ D. over</li> </ul>  |  |  |

| 22. | Choose the most appropriate option.   |
|-----|---|
|     | More and more weather forecasts were being by the meteorological department.  |
| •   | <ul> <li>□ A. spewed out</li> <li>□ B. spewed up</li> <li>□ C. both A and B</li> <li>□ D. neither A nor B</li> </ul>  |
|     | Read the paragraph below and answer questions 23-25.  |
|     | The present market controlled system of education has resulted in the withdrawal of the state from the funding of its public universities which has resulted in a situation where the cost of higher education has skyrocketed. Faced with this situation universities have responded by raising tuition, in effect passing the burden of costs to the students who now become consumer and debt-holders rather than beneficiaries of enlightenment, entering into research partnership with industry and thus courting the danger of turning the pursuit of truth into the pursuit of profits and hiring a larger and larger number of short-term, part-time adjuncts who as member of a transient and disposable workforce are in no position to challenge the university's practice or agitate for an academy more committed to the realization of democratic rather than monetar goals. In short, universities have embraced neoliberalism. |
| 23. | Which of the following is not one of the university reactions to the increased cost of education?   |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. Increasing the fee structure</li> <li>□ B. Interaction with the industry</li> <li>□ C. Hiring more employees</li> <li>□ D. Increasing temporary positions</li> </ul>  |
| 24. | Which is more essential in a university according to the passage?   |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. pursuit of truth</li> <li>□ B. pursuit of profits</li> <li>□ C. students as consumers</li> <li>□ D. agitating workforce</li> </ul>  |
| 25. | According to this paragraph, market control over education has made   |
|     | <ul> <li>i. Students into debt holders</li> <li>ii. Students into workforce</li> <li>iii. Students into consumers</li> <li>iv. Students into beneficiaries</li> </ul>   |
|     | The right option is   |
|     | <ul> <li>□ A. i &amp; iii</li> <li>□ B. ii &amp; iv</li> <li>□ C. i &amp; iv</li> <li>□ D. i &amp; ii</li> </ul>  |
|     |   |

SECTION A ENDS HERE

I-45

## **SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**

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## **SECTION B: DATA ANALYSIS AND TEACHING TASKS** [TOTAL MARKS: 25]

|    | There are <b>14</b> questions to answer.  The <b>first three</b> questions carry <b>ONE MARK</b> each. <b>All other questions</b> carry <b>TWO MARKS</b> each.  Put a tick mark (<) in the box against the correct answer.                               |
|----|--|
| .* | Answer the following questions by <b>choosing the correct options</b> given after each item.   |
| 1. | Half loan giving, half taking half māf My children here but they also very poor Some sahibs angry-wāllāh hai My mother only alive Only for the English <i>khānā</i> I cooked very well.  |
|    | The sentences above are examples of Butler English. Which of the following options is <b>not</b> right?  |
|    | <ul> <li>A. The copula is regularly dropped.</li> <li>B. There is always the mixure of Indian words.</li> <li>C. Arbitrary use of tenses.</li> <li>D. Use of English syntax as the base structure.</li> </ul>  |
| 2. | Read the following sentences: i. Stupid boy! You mustn't play with matches. ii. You shouldn't take life so seriously. Relax a little. iii. Fruit juices in cartons has no goodness at all. You must make them yourself. iv. You mustn't drink and drive. |
|    | The sentences can be most effectively used for teaching  |
|    | □ A. Adverbs   |
|    | ☐ B. Adjectives  |
|    | □ C. Modals  |
|    | ☐ D. Complex sentences.  |
| 3. | Given below are a few short forms used in verse written in 1867.  • I wrote 2 U B 4  |

- - He says he loves U.

Look at a few more abbreviations we find in the SMS language.

- Had a gr8 time.
- C u 2mrw.
- Cya
- L8r.

|    | ☐ A. They imitate spoker   | n language.                                 |  |
|----|--|---|--|
|    | B. They imitate Americ   | an pronunciation.                           |  |
| •  | ☐ C. They avoid longer w   | ords.                                       |  |
|    | ☐ D. Abbreviations are u   | sed for diphthongs.                         |  |
| 4. | Study the activities given be  | elow.                                       |  |
|    | Let's go swimming to cool off!   | The moon sure looks bright.                 | I'm starving!  |
|    | What season is it? i. Summer ii. Winter  | What time is it?<br>i. Morning<br>ii. Night | What will I do? i. Drink something ii. Eat something |
|    | Which of the following skills do   | you think they are best suite               | d for teaching?                                      |
|    | <ul> <li>□ A. Drawing conclusions</li> <li>□ B. Giving fact and opin</li> <li>□ C. Making inferences.</li> <li>□ D. Making predictions.</li> </ul> |   |  |
| 5. | Read the sentences given b   | elow–                                       | •  |
|    | "When I read [or heard] these "When I saw the picture of "I like/I do not like this text bed   | it made me think about                      | u '  |
|    | Prompts like these are most eff  | ectively used for activating-               |  |
|    | <ul> <li>□ A. Reasoning</li> <li>□ B. Critical thinking</li> <li>□ C. Schema</li> <li>□ D. Creativity</li> </ul>                                   |   |  |
| 6. | The following are anti-smoking  (i) Cancer Cures Smoking  (ii) Smoking reduces weigh   |   | Cancer Patients' Association.                        |
|    | These advertisements are base  ☐ A. Minimization  ☐ B. Defamiliarization  ☐ C. both (i) and (ii)  ☐ D. neither (i) nor (ii)                        | ed on the principles of:                    |  |
|    |  |   |  |

Which of the given statements is **true** of both the sets?

| 7.  | Read                 | the writing below:  |                   |
|-----|----------------------|---|-------------------|
|     | The ye               | olors swirled together- blue on blue, yellow on yellow, hitting against the brilliant nig<br>ellow, swimming in mid-air outlined the shape of the bold moon and the browns and<br>mixed together with white to create misty mountains.                                  | ht sky.<br>greens |
|     | You w                | ould use a paragraph like this to teach:  |                   |
|     | 0<br>0<br>0          | <ul><li>A. descriptive writing</li><li>B. process writing</li><li>C. factual writing</li><li>D. narrative writing</li></ul>   |                   |
| 8.  | The fo               | ollowing are some examples from American English:   |                   |
| ·   |                      | butter ['bʌɾəɹ] party ['pʰɑɹɾi] cutting ['kʌɾiŋ] baton [bəˈtɑːn]  |                   |
| :   | On the               | e basis of this data, we may conclude that /t/ changes to [r]   |                   |
|     |                      | <ul><li>A. before unstressed vowels</li><li>B. after a stressed vowel</li><li>C. between two vowels</li><li>D. between two vowels and before unstressed vowels</li></ul>  |                   |
| 9.  | In Aus               | tralian English and New Zealand English the following structures appear:  |                   |
|     | (i)<br>(ii)<br>(iii) | "I will bath the dog" "Did you bathe?" "Did you bathe the dog?"   |                   |
|     | This se              | A. bath and bathe can be used interchangeably in these varieties.  B. While bath is transitive, bathe is both transitive and intransitive.  C. Both bath and bathe are used incorrectly in the language.  D. Bath is a noun and bathe is a verb in the above sentences. |                   |
| 10. | Study                | the following sets of sentences:  |                   |
|     | (i)                  | Actual utterance: "Must you leave? It's still so late." Intended utterance: "Must you leave? It's still so early."  |                   |
|     | (ii)                 | Actual utterance: "Give me a <b>fork</b> ."  Intended utterance: "Give me a <b>spoon</b> ."   |                   |
|     | These                | errors suggest that:  |                   |
|     |                      | <ul> <li>A. Antonyms can belong in the same semantic field</li> <li>B. Substitution errors involve replacement of words in the same semantic words.</li> <li>C. Neither (i) nor (ii)</li> <li>D. Both (i) and (ii)</li> </ul>   |                   |

| 11.  | The following are words constructed by c   | hildren:  |
|--|--|---|
| ı  | to car 'drive' to piano 'play the piano' to bell 'ring the bell' to key 'insert the key' to sand 'grind'   |   |
|  | Based on this set of data we may conclud   | de that children  |
| Look at<br>the tab   | □ A. use conversion as a word form □ B. derivational affixes appear lat □ C. simpler forms appear before m □ D. all of the above.  the table of Learner Characteristics according, answer questions 12 and 13. | er than conversion  |
| • Big   • Relie • Prefi • Lear • Good • Enjo • Uses  Conve   | picture people es on feelings ers personal interaction rns by discussion (likes group work) d at generating ideas bys peer reviews es emotions when making decision ergers (Type 3)                            | Comprehension is critical     Strength in analyzing, organizing and sorting     Likes to evaluate pros and cons     Enjoys lectures     Likes order     Uses logical and detailed thinking  Accommodators (Type 4)  Likes problem solving |
| <ul> <li>Likes to discover, test, and try new things</li> <li>Does not like lectures</li> <li>Quick at making decision</li> <li>Searches for one correct answer</li> </ul> |  | <ul> <li>Enjoys taking risks</li> <li>Prefers to learn through exploration</li> <li>Can synthesize information easily</li> <li>Communicators of concepts to others</li> <li>Creators of new things</li> </ul>                             |
| 12.  | Harini is someone who is comfortable wor rather than sitting in a classroom.   | king all by herself. She prefers to work in the lab   |
|  | According to the table, Harini has the char  A. Divergers B. Assimilators C. Convergers D. Accommodators   | racteristics of:  |

12.

| 13. | understand difficult theories and models. He's the first one to crack any difficult question in the classroom. His analytical skills are very impressive. According to the table, Imran is a: |
|-----|---|
| 1   | □ A. Diverger   |
|     | ☐ B. Converger  |
|     | ☐ C. Assimilator  |
|     | D. Accommodator   |
| 14. | Give me some sunshine   |
|     | Give me some rain   |
|     | Give me another chance  |
|     | I wanna grow up once again  |
| .*  | This popular chorus from a movie could be used by a teacher to illustrate/teach which of the following?   |
|     | i. Formal and informal use  |
|     | ii. Verb phrases  |
|     | iii. Future tense   |
|     | iv. Subject-verb agreement  |
|     | v. Parallelism  |
|     | vi. Determiners   |
|     | □ A. i, v and vi  |
|     | □ B. ii, iii and v  |
|     | □ C. i, iii, and iv   |
|     | D. iii, v and vi  |
|     |   |

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# **SECTION B ENDS HERE**

## **SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**

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SECTION C: ESSAY [TOTAL MARKS: 25]

Write an essay on any ONE of the following topics in the space provided.

- 1. Prabhu's notion of Task types
- 2. Advantages and disadvantages of using authentic material in the classroom
- 3. Learning strategies and styles
- 4. Major landmarks in English education in India
- 5. Impact of recent policy documents on language curriculum in India
- 6. Sociolinguistics of Hinglish
- 7. Accent neutralisation in India
- 8. Digital learning platforms and language learning

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**BEGIN YOUR ANSWER ON PAGE NO. 16**