## C-11

# ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS – 2023 (Ph.D. Admissions - January 2024 Session) Ph.D. Biochemistry

Hall Ticket No.

#### Time : 2 hours

4

Max. Marks : 70

#### Instructions

Please read the following instructions carefully before answering:

- 1. Enter Hall Ticket number in the space provided above and also on OMR sheet
- Paper contains two sections: Part A and Part B, with 60 questions for 70 marks. Part A contains 25 questions. Questions 1 to 15 carry one mark each. Questions 16 to 25 carry 2 marks each. Part B contains 35 questions, each question carries one mark. There is no negative marking in any section.
- 3. Answers must be marked on the OMR sheet per the instructions provided.
- 4. Please return the OMR answer sheet at the end of the examination
- 5. Apart from the OMR sheet, the question paper contains 12 (twelve) pages including the instructions.
- 6. No additional sheet will be provided. Rough work can be carried out in the question paper in the space provided at the end of the booklet.
- 7. Non programmable calculators are allowed.

#### Part A

1. Triploids are not fertile because:

A) Gametes are diploid for all chromosomes are formed that cannot fertilizeB) Gametes are haploid for all chromosomes are formed that cannot fertilizeC) Gametes are diploid for some chromosomes and haploid for others that cannot fertilize.

D) No gametes are formed due to non-disjunction.

2. Annealing temperature in a PCR needs to be:

A) Slightly lower than the melting temperature of the primers.

B) Slightly higher than the melting temperature of the primers.

C) Exactly at the melting temperature

D) The temperature at which the DNA polymerase has the best activity for polymerization.

3. The slowest migrating band on the gel for plasmid preparation represents:

A) Supercoiled form of the plasmid

B) Linear form of the plasmid

C) Nicked form of the plasmid

D) Single-stranded plasmid DNA

4. PAM (Protospacer adjacent Motif) concerning CRISPR is present on the

A) crRNA B) tracrRNA C) Target genome D) sgRNA

- 5. In RT-PCR, what is the relation between Ct values obtained and amount of RNA present in the sample?
  - A) Directly proportional
  - B) Ct value equals the concentration of RNA

C) Inversely proportional

- D) Ct value does not indicate about RNA abundance.
- 6. A bag contains 3 white, 3 black, and 2 red balls. One by one three balls are drawn without replacing them, then find the probability that the third ball is red.

A) 1/4 B) 3/4 C) 1/9 D) 8/9

7. From 6 different novels and 3 different dictionaries, 4 novels and 1 dictionary are to be selected and arranged on a row on the shelf so that the dictionary is always in the middle. Then the number of such arrangements is

A) Less than 500B) At least 500 but less than 750C) At least 750 but less than 1000D) At least 1000

- 8. You plan to clone your favorite gene (YFG) in a bacterial expression vector pE at the *Bam* HI site. The size of YFG and pE are 0.5 kb and 3 kb respectively. Your advisor suggested you to keep 1:3 vector: insert ratio in the ligation mixture. Which of the following will give you the desired stoichiometry?
  - A) Vector 100 ng and insert 50 ng
  - B) Vector 100 ng and insert 100 ng

C) Vector 100 ng and insert 150 ng.

D) Vector 100 ng and insert 300 ng

9. A sequence of amino acids in a certain protein is found to be -Ser-Gly-Pro-Gly-. The sequence is most probably part of a

A) Sheet B) Turn C) Helix D) Loops

- 10. What is the fraction of deprotonated histidine at pH =7, the pKa of histidine is 7.4
  - A) 0.28
  - B) 0.21
  - C) 0.50
  - D) 0.38
- 11. The outer membrane of mitochondria is permeable to ions and solutes with molecular weight less than 10 kDa is due to the presence of
  - A) TOM complex

B) Porins

C) Pores

- D) Carriers
- 12. In urea cycle the enzymes are compartmentalized in mitochondria and cytosol because
  - A) No specific reason
  - B) To prevent reductive amination of alpha-ketoglutarate in mitochondria
  - C) Metabolites cannot pass through the mitochondrial membrane
  - D) Urea is formed in the mitochondria only
- 13. One reason why vaccines fail to work in very young infants is the presence of
  - A) Maternal antibodies
  - B) Glucoproteins
  - C) Endotoxins
  - D) Adjuvant
- 14. Which one of the following hydrogen bonds (shown as dotted bonds) best represents the type of hydrogen bond that keep the -helix and the -sheet in a protein from falling apart?
  - A) O-H·····O=C
  - B) O-H····NH=C
  - C) N-H·····NH=C
  - D) N-H·····O=C
- 15. In a class of 100 students there are 70 girls whose average marks in a subject are 75. If the average marks of the complete class is 72, then what is the average mark of the boys?
  - A) 73
    B) 65
    C) 68
    D) 74

16. Match the columns correctly

Set I

- a. Glucose 6-phosphate Dehydrogenase
- b. Phenylalanine Hydroxylase
- c. Pyruvate Kinase
- d. Hemolytic anemia

#### Correct answer is

- A) i-b, ii-c, iii-d; iv-a
- B) i-a, ii-d, iii-c, iv-b
- C) i-b, ii-d, iii-c, iv-a
- D) i-a, ii-c, iii-d, iv-b
- 17. A protein was purified from anaerobic bacteria and analyzed by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis containing SDS. Following protein staining, a single band was observed. The same protein was analyzed on a second electrophoresis under native conditions (i.e. non-denaturing, or without SDS). This gel shows two bands after staining. Assuming no errors was committed during these experiments. What is best possible explanation about the protein?
  - A) Two proteins with identical molecular mass having same pI
  - B) Two proteins of identical molecular mass having different pI

C) Two identical polypeptides attached with disulfide bond

- D) Two different polypeptides attached with disulfide bond
- 18. A cross is made between an Hfr that is  $met^+ thr^+ str^r$  and an F- that is  $met^$  $thr-str^s$ . Interrupted-mating studies show that  $met^+$  enters the recipient last, so  $met^+$  recombinants are selected on a medium containing threonine and streptomycin. These recombinants are tested for the presence of the  $thr^+$  and  $str^r$  alleles. Based on the recombinants obtained as shown below, what would be the order of genes in this strain and the distance between the markers?

$met^+ thr^+ str^r$	280	
$met^+ thr^+ str^s$	1	
$met^+ thr^- str^r$	7	
met <sup>+</sup> thr <sup>-</sup> str <sup>s</sup>	60	

A) Order is *met str thr*; and distances are respectively 17.2 mu and 2 mu

- B) Order is met str thr; and distances are respectively 21 mu and 2.5 mu
- C) Order is met thr str; and distances are respectively 17.2 mu and 2 mu

D) Order is met thr str; and distances are respectively 21 mu and 2.5 mu

19. Which group of peptides are produced after cleavage of the following peptide with trypsin?

Met-Ala-Tyr-Met-Phe-Arg-Gly-Asp-Lys-Glu-Trp

A) Met-Ala-Tyr-Met-Phe-Arg; Gly-Asp-Lys; Glu-Trp B) Met-Ala-Tyr; Met-Phe; Arg-Gly-Asp-Lys-Glu-Trp

Set II

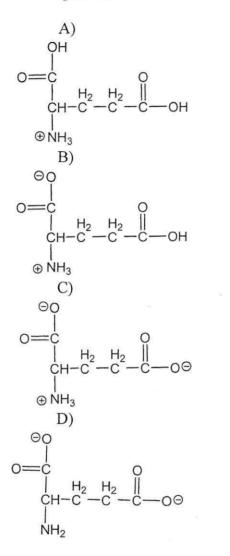
i) Phenylketoneuriaii) Irreversible reaction

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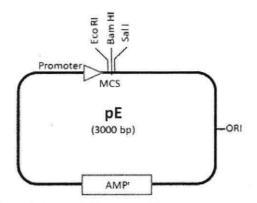
iii) HMP shunt pathway

#### iv) NADPH

- C) Met-Ala-Tyr-Met-Phe-Arg-Gly-Asp; Lys-Glu-Trp
- D) Met; Ala-Tyr-Met; Phe-Arg-Gly-Asp-Lys-Glu-Trp
- 20. Which one of the following ionic species of glutamate would be prevalent at pH 9.0?



21. Since you have performed non-direction cloning of your favorite gene (YFG), which is 0.5 kb at the *Bam* HI site of the expression vector pE (3 kb) you wanted to check for the orientation of the insert. To that end you wanted to use restriction enzymes whose sites are present once in the insert and once in the vector at the multiple cloning sequences (MCS) as shown in the figure. The *Eco* RI site is present at 100 bp downstream of the start codon, while the *Sal* I site is present 250 bp downstream of the start codon of the gene.



Which of the following statements is correct?

- A) If the insert is in the correct orientation digestion with *Eco* RI will give three fragments: 100 bp; 400 bp and 3000 bp
- B) If the insert is in the correct orientation digestion with *Eco* RI will give two fragments: 400 bp and 3100 bp
- C) If the insert is in the wrong orientation digestion with *Eco* RI will give two fragments: 400 bp and 3100 bp
- D) If the insert is in the wrong orientation digestion with *Sal* I will give two fragments: 250 bp and 3000 bp
- 22. The binding affinity (Ka) of a protein for its ligand at pH 7.0 and room temperature is 2×10<sup>5</sup> M<sup>-1</sup>. At what ligand concentration will be 80% of the protein-bound?
  - A) 20 μM B) 40 μM C) 4 μM D) 2 μM
- 23. Kinetic parameters of a lipase were found to be: k<sub>cat</sub> of 25.0 s<sup>-1</sup> and K<sub>m</sub> of 0.0048
   M. At what substrate concentration it would show one-fifth of its maximum rate?
  - A) 9.6 x 10<sup>-4</sup> M B) 1.2 x 10<sup>-3</sup> M C) 2.4 x 10<sup>-2</sup> M D) 1.2 x 10<sup>-1</sup> M
- 24. During lagging strand synthesis, to join together two precursor fragments, several enzymatic activities happen sequentially. From the following, pick the relevant activities and arrange them in the correct order. Note that the two Okazaki fragments are already synthesized.
  - i) 5'-3' polymerase activity of DNA Pol III.
  - ii) 5'-3' helicase activity of DnaB.
  - iii) 5'-3' polymerase activity of DNA Pol I
  - iv) 3'-5' exonuclease activity of DNA Pol III.
  - v) Ligase activity.

vi) 5'-3' exonuclease activity of DNA pol I.

A) ii; i; iii, vi; v
B) vi; iii; v
C) ii; iii; iv; v
D) ii; I; iv; v

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25. The frequency of two alleles in a gene pool of a population that is in Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium is 0.19 (A) and 0.81(a). The percentage heterozygous and homozygous recessive individuals in this population is

A) 66 and 31 respectively

B) 31 and 66 respectively

C) 38 and 62 respectively

D) 62 and 38 respectively

#### Part B

- 26. The P:O ratio is a measure of how many moles of ATP are formed from ADP per gram
  - A) Atom of oxygen for a given substrate
  - B) Mole of oxygen for a given substrate
  - C) Mole of a given substrate
  - D) Mole of oxygen per unit time for a given substrate
- 27. Which of the following is not an electron carrier of the electron transport chain?
  - A) NAD
  - B) Coenzyme Q
  - C) NADP
  - D) FAD
- 28. The addition of valinomycin to the active respiring mitochondria in the presence of potassium dissipates

A) Proton gradient

- B) Electric potential
- C) Chemical and Electric potential
- D) Electric potential followed by Proton gradient
- 29. The overall free energy change for photosynthetic NADP<sup>+</sup> reduction. What is the overall free energy change (delta G) for noncyclic photosynthetic electron transport?

4 (700 nm photons) + 4 (680 nm photons) + 2 H<sub>2</sub>0 + 2NADP  $\rightarrow 0_2$  + 2 NADPH + 2H<sup>+</sup>

- A) 1388 kJ/mole
- B) 950 kJ/mole

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- C) 438 kJ/mole
- D) -694 kJ/mole
- 30. Inappropriate Antidiuretic hormone (ADH) secretion can be associated with which of the following events?
  - i) Diabetes mellitus
  - ii) Diabetes incipidus
  - iii) Hyponatremia
  - iv) Water intoxication
  - A) i, ii, iii, iv
  - B) ii, iii
  - C) ii, iii, iv
  - D) i, iii
- 31. Non-enzymatic reaction between the carbonyl group of glucose with amino group of the Lysine-R chain is known as?
  - A) Aldol condensation
  - B) Schiff's base
  - C) Maillard reaction
  - D) Glycosylation
- 32. Which of the following derivative of the bile contributes to the color of the faces?
  - A) Stecobilirubin
  - B) Stercobilinogen
  - C) Stecobilin
  - D) Stercobilin
- 33. Hormone that antagonizes the insulin action and is also considered diabetogenic.
  - A) Glucagon
  - B) Progesterone
  - C) Corticotropin
  - D) Growth hormone
- 34. During nerve conduction action potential and Na/K-ATPase pump work in coordination. Identify the correct statement about both events.
  - A) Both events pump Na+ in and K+ out of the cell.
  - B) During an action potential Na+ ions move in and K+ ions move out and the Na/K pump exports Na+ ions out and K+ in.
  - C) During action potential Na+ ions move out and K+ ions move in and the Na/K pump imports Na+ out and export K+.
  - D) Both events pump Na+ ions out and K+ ions into the cell.

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# C-LI

#### 35. Gestational diabetes could be due to

- A) High hCG secretion
- B) High glucagon secretion
- C) High placental lactogen (hPL) secretion
- D) Low insulin secretion

36. Palmitoleic acid as an

- A) Saturated Fatty acid
- B) Monounsaturated Fatty acid
- C) Polyunsaturated Fatty acid
- D) None of the above

#### 37. Cholesterol is a

- A) Plant sterol
- B) Animal sterol
- C) Microbial sterol
- D) All of the above

38. A futile cycle or substrate cycle

- A) may have a role in regulating metabolic processes
- B) dissipates energy in the form of heat
- C) maintains energy homeostasis
- D) All of the above
- 39. Complete hydrolysis of a glycerophospholipid yields glycerol, palmitic acid, oleic acid, and phosphoric acid in the molar ratio 1:1:1:1. The lipid that was hydrolyzed was
  - A) Phosphatidic acid
  - B) Phosphatidylglycerol
  - C) Phosphatidylcholine
  - D) Phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate
- 40. The direct products of b oxidation of a fully saturated, straight-chain fatty acid of 17 carbons are
  - A) 7 Acetyl-CoA and 1 propionyl-CoA
  - B) 6 Acetyl-CoA and 2 propionyl-CoA
  - C) 6 Acetyl-CoA and 1 propionyl-CoA
  - D) 7 Acetyl-CoA and 2 propionyl-CoA

- 41. When a protein is denatured by heating the absorption as measured in UV light will
  - A) Always increase
  - B) Always decrease
  - C) Increase or decrease depends upon wavelength
  - D) Remain unaffected
- 42. Major interaction for protein structure stabilization is
  - A) Hydrophobic interaction
  - B) Ionic interaction
  - C) Hydrogen bond interaction
  - D) Van der-Waal interaction
- 43. If you were given to purify a protein "A" from a tissue by employing different techniques, how will you check the purity of protein "A"?
  - A) By Assay of protein
  - B) By SDS-PAGE
  - C) By Affinity chromatography
  - D) By spectrophotometer

44. Polyuria can occur in

- A) Diabetes mellitus
- B) Diarrhoea
- C) Acute glomerulonephritis
- D) High fever

45. Serum cholesterol is decreased in

A) Endemic goitre

- B) Thyrotoxicosis
- C) Myxoedema
- D) Cretinism
- 46. Phenomena that some cells evoke a specific developmental response in other cells is.
  - A) Embryonic influence
  - B) Embryonic induction
  - C) Embryonic stimulation
  - D) Embryonic dominance

47. Blastoderm splits occur in

A) blastulation

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- B) pompulation
- C) neurulation
- D) gastrulation

48. BLASTn is a:

A) Multiple sequence alignment tool

- B) Multiple genomes database
- C) Pairwise sequence alignment tool
- D) Protein sequence database

49. KEGG is primarily a:

A) Gene expression database

- B) Pathways database
- C) Sequence database
- D) Structure database
- 50. What is the expected ratio of genotype in an F2 progeny of a monohybrid cross when one of the alleles is dominant?

A) 1: 3 B) 1:2:1 C) 4:0 D) 1:1:1:1

51. Which one of the following statements is INCORRECT?

A) Alleles are alternate forms of the same gene

B) During meiosis, gametes inherit one allele of a gene

C) In a population, when individuals with same combination of alleles show

different degrees of phenotype, it is a case of incomplete penetrance

D) In a population, there can be multiple alleles for the same gene

52. Ribosome assembly takes place

A) In the nucleus

B) In the cytosol

C) in the endoplasmic reticulum lumen

D) on nuclear membrane

53. Glycosylation of proteins happens in the

A) Endoplasmic reticulum only

B) Endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi

C) Endoplasmic reticulum and lysosomes

D) Golgi and plasma membrane

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54. Which of the following statements is correct?

- A) Phosphofructokinase 2 is a tandem enzyme
- B) Citrate synthase is a tandem enzyme
- C) Phosphofructokinase 1 is a tandem enzyme
- D) Hexokinase is a tandem enzyme
- 55. Which of the following two enzymes are glyoxylate cycle-specific enzymes?
  - A) Glyoxylic acid synthase and Malate dehydrogenase
  - B) Isocitrate lyase and Malate synthase
  - C) Protein kinase and protein phosphatase
  - D) Aldolase and Pyruvate Kinase
- 56. The core oligosaccharide added to asparagine residues in N-glycan synthesis contains
  - A) 2 N-Acetylglucosamine, 8 Mannose and 3 Glucose
  - B) 1 N-Acetylglucosamine, 9 Mannose and 3 Glucose
  - C) 2 N-Acetylglucosamine, 9 Mannose and 3 Glucose
  - D) 2 N-Acetylglucosamine, 7 Mannose and 3 Glucose
- 57. In the Urea cycle which of the following is correct for the formation of one urea molecule

A) 2ATP B) 3 ATP C) 1 ATP D) No ATP

- 58. Glutamine synthetase is regulated reversibly by
  - A) Adenylation and Deadenylation
  - B) Phosphorylation and Dephosphorylation
  - C) By Allosteric regulation
  - D) None of the above
- 59. Which of the following is a glycosylated form of hemoglobin used for assessing long-term blood glucose control?
  - A) Hemoglobin F B) Hemoglobin A1c
  - C) Hemoglobin S
  - D) Hemoglobin C

60. Which cardiac marker is considered specific for myocardial infarction?

- A) Creatine kinase (CK)
- B) Myoglobin
- C) Troponin
- D) Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH)

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# University of Hyderabad Entrance Examinations - 2023 Ph.D. Admissions – January 2024 session

## School/Department/Centre : LIFE SCIENCES/BIOCHEMSITRY Course : Ph.D. Subject : BIOCHEMSITRY

Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer
1	С	26	Α	51	C
2	Α	27	C	52	А
3	С	28	В	53	В
4	С	29	В	54	A
5	С	30	В	55	В
6	А	31	С	56	С
7	D	32	D	57	В
8	А	33	D	58	A
9	с	34	В	59	В
10	A	35	С	60	С
11	В	36	В	61	
12	В	37	В	62	
13	A	38	D	63	
14	D	39	A	64	<
15	В	40	А	65	
16	А	41	С	66	
17	В	42	С	67	
18	A	43	В	68	
19	A	44	В	69	
20	С	45	В	70	э
21	С	46	В		
22	A	47	D		
23	В	48	С		
24	В	49	В		
25	В	50	В		

Note/Remarks : NONE

Signature Sy, Nau School/Department/Gentrey Prof. NARESH BABU V. SEPURI अध्यक्ष / Head जीवरसायनविभाग / Department of Biochemistry जीवविज्ञान संकाय / School of Life Sciences हेदराबाद विश्वविद्यालय / University of Hyderabad