

Hall Ticket No.:

C – 28

**Entrance Examination, 2023
Ph.D. Anthropology**

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Write your Hall Ticket Number in the OMR answer sheet given to you and also write the Hall Ticket No. in the space provided above.
2. The Question Paper contains two parts, A and B, both carry 35 marks each.
3. There is no Negative Marking.
4. Answers are to be marked on the OMR answer sheet following the instructions provided there upon.
5. Handover the OMR answer sheet at the end of the examination to the invigilator.
6. No additional sheets will be provided. Rough work may be done in the space provided at the end of the booklet.

Part – A

1. Regarding ethnography, which one of the following statements is not correct?
Ethnography is the:
 - A. Elicitation of cultural knowledge
 - B. Detailed investigation of patterns of social interaction
 - C. Comparative analysis of cultures
 - D. Holistic analysis of societies
2. A research methodology that results in the production of a theory that explains patterns in data based on systematic collection and analysis of data from multiple sources is known as
 - A. Formal analysis
 - B. Content analysis
 - C. Grounded theory
 - D. Comparative method
3. The methodology of componential analysis is associated with
 - A. Roman Jakobson
 - B. Edward Sapir
 - C. W.H. Goodenough
 - D. Stephen Tyler

4. Which one of the following statements is not true regarding case study method?

Case study method:

- A. Entails detailed record of the experience of an individual
- B. Is more systematically employed in the field of anthropology of Law
- C. Emphasizes detailed contextual analysis of a limited number of events
- D. Is not used to dispute or challenge theory

5. The requirement that statements must be testable or falsifiable by means of empirical evidence is characteristic of

- A. Inductive method
- B. Objectivity
- C. Subjectivity
- D. Thick description

6. Which among the following statements are correct regarding Participant Observation?

- 1. Participant observation is more limited in its scope and possibilities in the study of complex societies.
 - 2. In participant observation the researcher uses questionnaire to cross-check his findings.
 - 3. Participant observation is almost synonymous with anthropological field work as a whole.
 - 4. In participant observation the researcher only observes the group and do not take part in the everyday life of the people.
- A. 1 and 2
 - B. 1 and 3
 - C. 1, 2, and 3
 - D. 1, 3, and 4

7. Explanations of a level of complex phenomena according to a simple level of phenomena is called

- A. Generalization
- B. Reductionism
- C. Deductive method
- D. Inductive method

8. 'Thick description' is a method of
- A. Collecting extensive ethnographic data
 - B. Detailed description
 - C. Interpretation
 - D. Qualitative analysis
9. Which of the following constitute output from PRA studies?
- a. List of priorities of people
 - b. Directions for further research
 - c. Village natural resources management plan
 - d. Large volume of relevant quantitative data
- A. a&b
 - B. a&c
 - C. b&c
 - D. a&d
10. There is no objective truth waiting for us to discover it. Truth, or meaning, comes into existence in and out of our engagement with the realities in our world. This statement refers to
- A. Ontology
 - B. Objectivism
 - C. Constructionism
 - D. Subjectivism
11. Who pointed to the limitations of comparative method, and suggested the use of comparisons within a small well defined geographical area?
- A. Fred Eggan
 - B. Franz Boas
 - C. Frederich Ratzel
 - D. Evans-Pritchard

12. The scholar well known for the distinction he made between the 'book-view' (or, the 'textual view') and the 'field-view' (or, the 'contextual view') of society is

- A. Robert Redfield
- B. Milton Singer
- C. Oscar Lewis
- D. M.N. Srinivas

13. For key informant interviewing, informants are selected

- A. Randomly
- B. Based on their educational qualifications
- C. On the suggestions of community elders
- D. Purposively

14. Which two of the following represent non-probability sampling?

- 1. Quota sampling
- 2. Theoretical sampling
- 3. Multi-stage sampling
- 4. Cluster sampling

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 1 and 3
- C. 1 and 4
- D. 2 and 3

15. Suppose a researcher wishes to compare the mean ages at marriage of four ethnic groups.

Which of the following statistical tests should a researcher apply?

- A. 't' test
- B. ANCOVA
- C. ANOVA
- D. Chi-square

16. Match the following and choose the correct answer:

List – I

- a. Coefficient of variation
- b. Standard deviation
- c. Mean
- d. Chi-square

List – II

- i. Tests the null hypothesis
- ii. Average
- iii. Absolute measure of variation
- iv. Relative measure of variation

Codes:

a - b - c - d

- A. iv – ii – iii – i
- B. iii – i – ii – iv
- C. ii – iii – i – iv
- D. iv – iii – ii – i

17. _____ is a technique to ensure a systematic communication between the field worker and the people. It is a device for collecting data required to test hypothesis in social research.

- A. The case study method
- B. Interview
- C. Questionnaire
- D. Observation

18. Which one of the following research methods is best suited to study the processual aspect of political organization?

- A. Key Informant Interview
- B. Extended Case Study Method
- C. Participant Observation
- D. Focus Group Discussion

19. The method which moves from known to unknown and reality to theory is called:

- A. Deductive
- B. Inductive
- C. Abductive
- D. Inclusive

20. The sampling technique which involves using some members of the research group to identify other members is called:
- Purposive sampling
 - Snow ball sampling
 - Multistage sampling
 - Random Sampling.
21. Karl Popper is associated with which of the following:
- Falsification
 - Induction
 - Justification
 - Reductionism
22. A condition or characteristic that can take on different values or categories is called ____.
- constant
 - a variable
 - a cause-and-effect relationship
 - a descriptive relationship
23. Arrange the parts of a research proposal in the correct order
- a) Research question, b) Literature Review, c) Introduction, d) Methodology
- c, a, d, b
 - c, b, a, d
 - c, a, b, d
 - c, d, a, b
24. From the given table below what is the Standard Deviation

Class Interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
Frequency	27	10	7	5	4	2

- 14.918
- 1.4918
- 14.981
- 14.189

25. Which of these is a non-invasive technique of qualitative data collection?
- A. Group Discussions
 - B. Personal Interviews
 - C. Archival Data collection
 - D. Survey method
26. A variable that is presumed to cause a change in another variable is called a
- A. categorical variable
 - B. dependent variable
 - C. independent variable
 - D. intervening variable
27. All of the following are common characteristics of experimental research except:
- A. it relies primarily on the collection of numerical data
 - B. it can produce important knowledge about cause and effect
 - C. it uses the deductive scientific method
 - D. it is not conducted in a controlled setting or environment
28. A positive correlation is present when _____.
- A. two variables move in opposite directions.
 - B. two variables move in the same direction.
 - C. one variable goes up and one goes down
 - D. several variables never change.
29. In _____, random assignment to groups is never possible and the researcher cannot manipulate the independent variable.
- A. basic research
 - B. quantitative research
 - C. experimental research
 - D. causal-comparative and correlational research
30. Which of the following are used to test Reliability of Scale in data collection?
- A. Split-Half Method
 - B. Jury decision
 - C. Randomization Method
 - D. Expert analysis

31. How would you print a bar chart that you have just produced in SPSS?
- A. In Output Viewer, click File, Print, select the bar chart and click OK
 - B. In Variable Viewer, open bar chart, click File, Print, OK
 - C. In Chart Editor, click Descriptive Statistics, Print, OK
 - D. In Data Editor, open Graphs dialog box, click Save, OK
32. An ordinal scale is:
- A. The simplest form of measurement
 - B. A scale with an absolute zero point
 - C. A rank-order scale of measurement
 - D. A scale with equal intervals between ranks
33. The petrol prices in a week are 110.25, 109.25, 111.75, 111.25, 109.45, 110.5, 109.75. Find out the range.
- A. 3.25
 - B. 221
 - C. 2.5
 - D. 110.25
34. Identify the scholar correctly matched with the method from the following:
- A. Fred Eggan: Controlled Comparison
 - B. Bronislaw Malinowski: Case Study Method
 - C. W. H. R. Rivers: Participant Observation
 - D. George Marcus: Sensory Ethnography
35. If there were a perfect positive correlation between two interval/ratio variables, the Pearson's r test would give a correlation coefficient of:
- A. 0.328
 - B. +1
 - C. 0.238
 - D. -1

Part – B

36. 'Phonemes' are associated with
- A. Formal analysis of kinship terms
 - B. Interpretation of symbols
 - C. Content analysis
 - D. Analysis of sound of language
37. Family, Tribes and State are the general levels of integration recognized by
- A. Julian Steward
 - B. Elman Service
 - C. Marshall Sahlins
 - D. Leslie A. White
38. A system of kinship reckoning in which all the members of the same sex and generation are referred to by the same term is known as
- A. Hawaiian
 - B. Iroquois
 - C. Sudanese
 - D. Eskimo
39. Identify the correct match from the following:
- A. Fredrik Barth: Culture and Personality
 - B. Levi-Strauss: Structuralism
 - C. Margret Mead: Structural Functionalism
 - D. Radcliffe-Brown: Cognitive Anthropology
40. Ambilineage is a culturally recognized category of
- A. Agnatic kin
 - B. Uterine kin
 - C. Matrilineal kin
 - D. Bilateral kin

41. Who proposed that the features fundamental to Indian caste system are Hierarchy, Economic interdependence, and Separation based on an opposition between purity and impurity?

- A. Celestin Bougle
- B. Louis Dumont
- C. A.M. Hocart
- D. R.B. Inden

42. Which one of the following reports formed the basis for PESA?

- A. Dileep Singh Bhuria committee Report
- B. Dhebar Committee report
- C. Xaxa committee report
- D. National Commission for Scheduled Tribes Report

43. Match the following:

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. F.G Bailey | a. Study of Raj Gonds |
| 2. W.H. R. Rivers | b. Study of Himalayan Polyandry |
| 3. D. N. Majumdar | c. Study of Todas |
| 4. C.V.F. Haimendorf | d. Caste and Economic Frontier |

- A. 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c
- B. 1.c, 2.a,3-d, 4-b
- C. 1-d, 2-c,3-b, 4-a
- D. 1-a, 2-b,3-c, 4-d

44. Match the following:

- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| 1. Oscar Lewis | a. Folk-urban continuum |
| 2. Robert Redfield | b. Systems of Consanguinity and affinity |
| 3. L.H Morgan | c. Culture of poverty |
| 4. Radcliffe-Brown | d. Structure and function in Primitive society |

- A. 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c
- B. 1.c, 2.a,3-b, 4-d
- C. 1-d, 2-c,3-b, 4-a
- D. 1-a, 2-b,3-c, 4-d

45. Which two of the following has made significant contribution to the study of kinship in India?

1. Irawati Karve
2. L. Dumont
3. W. H. Wiser
4. F. G. Bailey

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 1 and 3
- C. 1 and 4
- D. 2 and 3

46. The HDI is a summary composite measure of a country's average achievements in three basic aspects of human development: health, knowledge and standard of living. Its main purpose is

- A. It is meant for differentiating the developed and developing countries
- B. It measures the rate economic growth of developed nations every year.
- C. To amalgamate the per capita income and Gross domestic product in to a composite index
- D. Ranking nations on the basis of their socio-economic development.

47. Which provision of the Indian constitution provides for establishment of Tribes Advisory councils?

- A. Sixth schedule
- B. Tenth schedule
- C. Fifth schedule
- D. Eighth schedule

48. According to Evans-Pritchard 'primitive' societies are studied because of their:

- A. Social Value
- B. Simplicity
- C. Intrinsic value
- D. Magic

49. The practice of women being married down in social status is known as:
- A. Hypogamy
 - B. Bigamy
 - C. Hypergamy
 - D. Polygamy
50. The Hindu Jajmani system is an exploration of which one of the following:
- A. A primitive economic system of India's villages which defined caste groups vertically in a village
 - B. A system of exchange which ensured villages were interconnected through horizontal solidarity
 - C. A means by which marriage exchange was ensured from one village to the other
 - D. A means of dispute resolution in village society in India.
51. Amongst which community did Sol Tax apply his theory of 'Action Anthropology'?
- A. Apache Indians
 - B. Navajos
 - C. Australian Aborigines
 - D. Fox Indians
52. Identify the correct sequence of the social groups within the caste of Indian society in descending order
- A. Gotra – Sub-caste – Family – Lineage
 - B. Sub-caste – Gotra – Lineage – Family
 - C. Family – Lineage – Gotra – Subcaste
 - D. Lineage – Family – Sub-caste – Gotra
53. Who was the propounder of religious theory of origin of caste?
- A. Maciver and Page
 - B. Risley
 - C. Ghurye and Majumdar
 - D. Hocart and Senart

54. A society marked by secondary rather than primary group interaction, anomie and generally characterized by homogeneity with respect to life styles, is called as:
- A. Folk society
 - B. Peasant society
 - C. Urban society
 - D. Mass society
55. Arrange the sequence of the books of L.P. Vidyarthi in ascending order, as per the year of publication
- A. Sacred complex in Hindu Gaya → Maler: A study in Nature - Man - Spirit complex → Cultural Configuration of Ranchi District → Rise of Anthropology in India
 - B. Rise of Anthropology in India → Cultural Configuration of Ranchi District → Maler: A study in Nature - Man - Spirit complex → Sacred complex in Hindu Gaya
 - C. Sacred complex in Hindu Gaya → Cultural Configuration of Ranchi District → Rise of Anthropology in India → Maler: A study in Nature - Man - Spirit complex
 - D. Maler: A study in Nature - Man - Spirit complex → Rise of Anthropology in India → Cultural Configuration of Ranchi District → Sacred complex in Hindu Gaya
56. Which one of the following Commissions reviewed the operation of Ashram Schools?
- A. U.N. Dhebar Commission
 - B. Kaka Kalelkar Commission
 - C. Shilu Ao Commission
 - D. B.P. Mandal Commission
57. Arrange the following tribal groups of India in order of population dominance from largest to smallest based on 2011 census.
- A. Bhil, Santhal, Gond
 - B. Santhal, Bhil, Gond
 - C. Bhil, Gond, Santhal
 - D. Gond, Santhal, Bhil

58. Which of the following statements best characterizes Julian Steward's approach to cultural evolution in anthropology?
- A. He believed that all cultures pass through a series of predetermined stages of development, each with its own unique set of cultural traits.
 - B. He rejected the notion of cultural evolution altogether, arguing that cultures were too complex and varied to be understood in terms of a linear progression.
 - C. He proposed a middle-ground approach to cultural evolution, arguing that cultures could be compared and classified based on their adaptive strategies and their interactions with their environments.
 - D. He focused primarily on the study of language and argued that linguistic evolution was the key driver of cultural change.
59. Which of the following is correctly matched?
- A. The Elementary Forms of the Religious Life: James Frazer
 - B. The Gift: Forms and Functions of Exchange in Archaic Societies: Marcel Mauss
 - C. The Andaman Islanders: Bronislaw Malinowski
 - D. The Golden Bough: Radcliffe Brown
60. Which of the following anthropologists proposed the idea of 'modal personality'?
- A. Margaret Mead
 - B. Ruth Benedict
 - C. Clyde Kluckhohn
 - D. Cora Du Bois
61. The 'Writing Culture Debate' in anthropology is associated with which one of the following
- A. Politics of interpretation
 - B. Politics of representations
 - C. Politics of repression
 - D. Politics of resistance
62. According to anthropologist Sherry Ortner Women physiology is more involved more of the time with
- A. Origin of Species
 - B. Species of life
 - C. Species of fertility
 - D. Species of blood Rituals

63. Which of these statements is false about the role and statuses?

- a) It limits our lives to expected norms and behaviour
- b) It is dynamic and multiple forms and meanings exist simultaneously
- c) statuses can only be ascribed not achieved
- d) Roles and statuses are unrelated to each other.

- A. a and b
- B. a, b and c
- C. b and c.
- D. Only d

64. Match the following:

- | | |
|------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Chenchu | a. D. N. Majumdar |
| 2. Oraon | b. C v Fürer-Haimnedorf |
| 3. Maler | c. S.C. Roy |
| 4. Khasa | d. L.P. Vidyarthi |

- A. 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d
- B. 1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a
- C. 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c
- D. 1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a

65. Verrier Elwin studied and published monographs on two of the following tribes:

- i. Agaria, ii. Chenchu, iii. Baiga, iv. Yanadi

- A. i and iii
- B. ii and iii
- C. iii and iv
- D. iv and i

66. Who among the following studied caste in a Tanjore village?

- A. Scarlett Epstein
- B. Irawati Karve
- C. Kathleen Gough
- D. Mary Douglas

67. Identify the Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs) from the following.

- A. Sanhal, Dhanak
- B. Kolam, Kondareddi
- C. Rabha, Andh
- D. Karku, Palliyar

68. Match the following:

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| a. The Forest of Symbols | i. Cora Du Bois |
| b. The People of Alor | ii. Victor Turner |
| c. Yānomamö: The Fierce People | iii. Mayer Fortes |
| d. The Web of Kinship among the Tallensi | iv. Napoleon A. Chagnon |
- A. a-i, b-iii, c-iv, d-ii
 - B. a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii
 - C. a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv
 - D. a-iv, b-ii, c-i, d-iii

69. Match the following:

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| a. Cinema and the Urban Poor in South India | i. Henrike Donner |
| b. Domestic Goddesses | ii. Sara Dickey |
| c. Landscapes of Urban Memory | iii. Christiane Brosius |
| d. India's Middle Class: New Forms of Urban Leisure,
Consumption and Prosperity | iv. Smriti Srinivas |
- A. a-i, b-iii, c-iv, d-ii
 - B. a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii
 - C. a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv
 - D. a-iv, b-ii, c-i, d-iii

70. Who among the following feminist anthropologists gave the concept of "muted group" referring to women?

- A. H. L. Moore
- B. Sherry Ortner
- C. Edwin Ardener
- D. Eleanor Leacock


University of Hyderabad
Ph.D. Entrance Examinations - 2023

School/Department/Centre: Anthropology
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Subject: Anthropology

Q. No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer
1.	C	26.	C	51.	D
2.	C	27.	D	52.	B
3.	C	28.	B	53.	D
4.	D	29.	D	54.	A
5.	B	30.	A	55.	A
6.	B	31.	A	56.	A
7.	B	32.	C	57.	C
8.	C	33.	C	58.	C
9.	B	34.	A	59.	B
10.	C	35.	B	60.	D
11.	B	36.	D	61.	B
12.	D	37.	A	62.	B
13.	D	38.	A	63.	D
14.	A	39.	B	64.	B
15.	C	40.	D	65.	A
16.	D	41.	A	66.	C
17.	B	42.	A	67.	B
18.	B	43.	C	68.	B
19.	B	44.	B	69.	B
20.	B	45.	A	70.	C
21.	A	46.	D		
22.	B	47.	C		
23.	B	48.	C		
24.	A	49.	A		
25.	C	50.	B		

Note/Remarks:


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