

A-73

Entrance Examinations - 2021
Ph.D. Sociology

Maximum Marks : 70

Time : 2 Hours

Hall Ticket No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

General Instructions :

1. Write your Hall Ticket Number in the OMR Answer Sheet and a separate answer book given to you. Also write the Hall Ticket Number in the space provided above.
2. **This question paper consists of Two Parts – Part ‘A’ and Part ‘B’.** Part-A of the question paper consists of 35 objective type questions of one mark each for a total of 35 marks. Part B has two Sections: Section I consisting of a long answer (15 marks) and Section II consisting of 4 short notes of 5 marks each (20 marks).
3. Answers for **Part-A** must be marked on the OMR answer sheet following the instructions provided thereupon.
4. **Part-B** consists of descriptive type questions for 35 marks and to be answered in a separate answer book provided.
5. Hand over the OMR answer sheet and the Answer Book of **Part ‘B’** at the end of the examination to the Invigilator.
6. Each correct answer in **Part A** carries 1 mark. Marks obtained in **Part A** will determine the merit rank in case of tie in the total number of marks obtained
7. No additional sheets will be provided. Rough work can be done in the question paper itself.

****There is no negative marking.****

PART – A

Objective Questions

(35 Marks)

The following questions are to be answered in the OMR sheet provided.

1. 'Acephalous' is a term used to describe
 - A. Modern societies
 - B. Political system of societies without centralized authority
 - C. Political system of societies with centralized authority
 - D. Postmodern societies

2. The fact that two words with the same reference or definition can have different connotations calls attention to
 - A. Ideographic detailing
 - B. Denotative meaning
 - C. Nomothetic generalisation
 - D. Connotative meaning

3. 'Elective affinity' is a term used by Weber to describe the relationship between
 - A. Power and domination
 - B. 'Wertrational' and 'zweckrational' action
 - C. Protestantism and capitalism
 - D. Interpretation and explanation

4. 'Comprador bourgeoisie' is usually contrasted with
 - A. National bourgeoisie
 - B. Feudal interests
 - C. Proletariat
 - D. Reserve army

5. The 'end of ideology' thesis is most commonly identified with
 - A. Max Horkheimer
 - B. Daniel Bell
 - C. Andre Beteille
 - D. Karl Marx

PART – A

Objective Questions

(35 Marks)

The following questions are to be answered in the OMR sheet provided.

1. 'Acephalous' is a term used to describe
 - A. Modern societies
 - B. Political system of societies without centralized authority
 - C. Political system of societies with centralized authority
 - D. Postmodern societies

2. The fact that two words with the same reference or definition can have different connotations calls attention to
 - A. Ideographic detailing
 - B. Denotative meaning
 - C. Nomothetic generalisation
 - D. Connotative meaning

3. 'Elective affinity' is a term used by Weber to describe the relationship between
 - A. Power and domination
 - B. 'Wertrational' and 'zweckrational' action
 - C. Protestantism and capitalism
 - D. Interpretation and explanation

4. 'Comprador bourgeoisie' is usually contrasted with
 - A. National bourgeoisie
 - B. Feudal interests
 - C. Proletariat
 - D. Reserve army

5. The 'end of ideology' thesis is most commonly identified with
 - A. Max Horkheimer
 - B. Daniel Bell
 - C. Andre Beteille
 - D. Karl Marx

6. Cultural relativists hold that
- A. Concepts are socially constructed
 - B. Concepts vary cross-culturally
 - C. Ethnocentrism needs to be challenged
 - D. All of the above
7. Which of the following is **not true** about 'abstracted empiricism'?
- A. It was coined by C. Wright Mills in 'The Sociological Imagination'
 - B. It was aimed at those sociologists who equate empiricism with science
 - C. In this, C. Wright Mills argues that numerical data and statistical analysis are sufficient for sociological analysis
 - D. C. Wright Mills also insists that in the absence of theoretical categories and comparative historical analyses, no conception of social structure is possible.
8. "Verisimilitude" means
- A. Similar attitude
 - B. Dissimilar attitude
 - C. Truthlikeness
 - D. None of the above
9. A true zero point is found in the following level of measurement
- A. Nominal
 - B. Ordinal
 - C. Interval
 - D. Ratio
10. Thomas Kuhn is associated with
- i. Anomalies
 - ii. Paradigm
 - iii. Normal science
 - iv. Post-Normal Science
- A. i and ii only
 - B. i and iii only
 - C. i, ii and iii only
 - D. All four

11. The first social surveys were basically

- A. Social mobility studies
- B. Unemployment studies
- C. Poverty studies
- D. Town planning studies

12. Consider the following statements on 'The Risk Society'

1. It is concerned with the transition from modern industrial society to a new era distinguished much more by technological hazards
2. It considers that environmental health risks are social constructions
3. There is a loss of faith in experts and science to predict and protect people from these technological hazards

Chose the correct option from below

- A. Statement 1 is correct and 2 and 3 are incorrect
- B. Statement 1 and 2 are correct and 3 is incorrect
- C. Statement 2 and 3 are correct and 1 is incorrect
- D. Statement 1, 2 and 3 are correct

13. Religious Fundamentalism

- A. Constrain and contain the growth of cultural hybridization
- B. Sustain religious authority and orthodoxy
- C. Curb the growth of women's movement
- D. All of the above

14. Under the Citizenship Amendment Act, 2019, religious minority groups from which countries are not eligible for Indian Citizenship?

- A. Afghanistan
- B. Bangladesh
- C. Sri-Lanka
- D. Pakistan

15. According to Derrida, the two essential elements that constitute the 'heart of deconstruction' are
- A. Language and Re-interpretation
 - B. Language and Cultural Capital
 - C. Language and Symbolic Capital
 - D. Language and Law
16. The 2001 United Nations Conference against Racism in Durban was the starting point for the discourse on race-caste relation in contemporary India
- A. Dalit group in India wanted to present their case to the conference.
 - B. The position of the Indian Government is that caste is not race and the issue is not relevant to the conference.
 - C. Activists from India argued for recognition of caste-based discrimination on a par with racial discrimination by the relevant UN body.
 - D. All of the above
17. 'Black Lives Matter' is a movement that helps us understand how the concept of _____ works in contemporary social contexts.
- A. Ethnicity
 - B. Race
 - C. Class
 - D. Caste
18. The concept of 'patriarchal bargains' was introduced by
- A. Deniz Kandiyoti
 - B. Nivedita Menon
 - C. Ann Oakley
 - D. Sherry B. Ortner
19. The state laws limiting conversion in India are often titled
- A. Anti-Conversion Laws
 - B. Freedom of Religion Laws
 - C. Ghar Whapsi
 - D. Article 25

20. There are four principles of McDonaldization according to George Ritzer. Which of the following is not a part of the four principles of McDonaldization?
- A. Efficiency
 - B. Predictability
 - C. Calculability
 - D. Human technology
21. In mainstream/conventional sociology:
- A. Structure is given more emphasis than culture
 - B. Culture is given more emphasis than Structure
 - C. Both Structure and Culture are given equal consideration
 - D. None of the above
22. One of the following is characteristic of Jeffrey Alexander's sociology:-
- A. Critical Theory
 - B. A 'strong program' of cultural sociology
 - C. Both the above
 - D. None of the above
23. The statement "Theory without empirical research is empty, empirical research without theory is blind" was made by
- A. Robert Merton
 - B. Immanuel wallerstein
 - C. Pierre Bourdieu
 - D. G.W.F. Hegel
24. Postcolonial theory is about
- A. Demythsisizing a western imaginary
 - B. Exploring thought-traditions of the ex-colonized
 - C. Both the above
 - D. None of the above

25. The concept 'Habitus' and 'Field' was enunciated by
- A. Anthony Giddens
 - B. Pierre Bourdieu
 - C. Herbert Marcuse
 - D. Michael Burawoy
26. Which of the following explains the concept of 'household'
- A. A genealogical unit to organize everyday life
 - B. A primary unit of bondage based on 'blood'
 - C. A consanguineal unit with a common living
 - D. An empirical unit of production and consumption
27. Necropolitics is associated with
- A. Geopolitics of global power
 - B. Anti-racial politics
 - C. Elimination of ethnic minorities through genocide
 - D. Subjugation of life to the power of death
28. Alliance theory of kinship is associated with
- A. Reciprocity and incest taboo
 - B. Exchange of women
 - C. Positive marriage rules
 - D. All of the above
29. Which of the following is NOT part of Talcott Parsons' explanation of value orientation?
- A. Cognitive orientation
 - B. Communicative orientation
 - C. Appreciative orientation
 - D. Moral orientation

30. When Ferdinand Tonnies described 'Gemeinschaft as 'Community of Fate', how did he describe 'Gesellschaft'?
- A. Community of Will
 - B. Community of filial
 - C. Community of eccentric people
 - D. Community of people without class consciousness
31. Who among the following has propounded the theory of falsification?
- A. Thomas Kuhn
 - B. Raymond Firth
 - C. Karl Popper
 - D. Carl Sagan
32. The theory of structuration is the contribution of
- A. Judith Butler
 - B. Anthony Giddens
 - C. Louis Althusser
 - D. Thorstein Veblen
33. Who among the following argued that exchange of product of labour or of any other possessions is the purest and most primitive forms of human socialization?
- A. Auguste Comte
 - B. Herbert Spencer
 - C. Georg Simmel
 - D. Emile Durkheim
34. Who among the theorists used autobiography method in his sociological enterprise?
- A. Emile Durkheim
 - B. Charles Montesquieu
 - C. Karl Marx
 - D. W E B Du Bois

35. Here is a list of anthropologists (I), who carried out fieldwork in different parts of India (II). Which of the following pairing is correct?

I	II
A. Kathleen Gough	Thanjavur District of Tamilnadu
B. Andre Beteille	Mysore and Cochin Region
C. L K Ananthakrishna Iyer	Bengal Presidency
D. Abbe Du Bois	Baigas and Gonds of Orissa

Part-B**Section I****(15 Marks)**

Attempt any **One** of the following questions. The answer must not exceed 500 words.

1. Critically examine Jurgen Habermas's 'Theory of Communicative Action' and its relevance to complex, crisis-ridden societies.
2. Consider the relevance of Durkheim's 'Rules of Sociological Method' for contemporary social science research.
3. Examine the challenges of developing sociological theories in 'Global South'

Part- B**Section II****(20 Marks)**

Attempt a short note on any **Four** of the following questions. Each short note carries **Five** marks and must not exceed 200 words.

1. Asiatic mode of production
2. Risk Society of Ulrich Beck
3. 'One is not born but rather become a woman'. Comment
4. Surveillance in contemporary society
5. Caste and politics in Indian society
6. Value-neutrality in social science research
7. Visual ethnography
8. Tribes as indigenous people. Comment

University of Hyderabad
Entrance Examinations - 2021

School/Department/Centre : Sociology

Course/Subject : Ph.D.

Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer
1	B	11	C	21	A	31	C
2	D	12	D	22	B	32	B
3	C	13	D	23	C	33	C
4	A	14	C	24	C	34	D
5	B	15	A	25	B	35	A
6	D	16	D	26	D		
7	C	17	B	27	D		
8	C	18	A	28	D		
9	D	19	B	29	B		
10	C	20	D	30	A		

Note/Remarks :

Signature 
School/Department/Centre