## **ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS-2018**

IMA: HINDI / LANGUAGE SCIENCE / TELUGU

HALL	TICKET	NUMBER:		

#### INSTRUCTIONS

(Please read carefully)

The question paper has <u>Three</u> Sections Viz. Part-A, Part-B and Part-C

Time: 2 hours Max. Marks. 100

(Part-A:40 marks + Part-B: 35 Marks + Part-C: 25 Marks)

Answers must be marked on **OMR** sheets (with black/blue ball-point/sketch pen)

### While answering Part -A

Students have to select **only ONE** of the following:

Part -A: Hindi (pages 2 to 6)

Or

Part -A: Language Science (pages 7 to 12)

Or

Part -A: Telugu (pages 13 to 15)

Part-B and Part-C are **Compulsory** (pages 16 to 24)

There will be negative marking of 0.33 for every wrong answer in part – A

There is **no** negative marking for part-B and part-C

This book contains 24 pages including this page and excluding page for the rough work, please check that your paper has all the pages

NOTE: Candidates must indicate the option of Part-A by marking A for Hindi, B for Language Science and C for Telugu on the OMR answer sheet for evaluation. In case of the option not being exercised by the candidate in the OMR answer sheet, the University reserves the right for not evaluating Part-A.

# Part - A Hindi (Mark the Booklet code 'A' in the OMR Sheet)

रूचना	: सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर अनिवार्य	<del> </del>
1	'पर्वत' का पर्यायवाची शब्द है -	
	(A) <b></b>	(B) शाल
	(C) विकट	(D) तुरंग
2	'स्तुति' का विलोम शब्द है -	
	(A) तारीफ	(B) निंदा
	(C) जप	(D) प्रार्थना
3	'कृपण' शब्द का अर्थ है -	
	(A) ऋणि	(B) तरवार
	(C) दया	(D) कंज्स
4	संयुक्त व्यंजन 'ज' किन व्यंजन	नों के योग से बना है ?
	(A) ग्+ञ	(B) ज्+ञ
	(C) ग्+ञ्	<b>(</b> D) ज+ञ
5	'कर्म' शब्द का सही वर्ण-विच्छे	工 卷
	(A) क+र्+म	(B) क+र्+म्
	(C) क्+अ+र्+म्+अ	(D) क+अ+र+अ+म
6	वर्तनी की दृष्टि से सही शब्द वं	ने पहचान कीजिए ?
	(A) अशीर्वाद	(B) आशीवाद
	(C) अशीवाद	(D) आशीर्वाद
7	'मतैक्य' का सही संधि विच्छेद	<del>*</del> -
	(A) मत+ऐक्य	(B) मत+एक्य
	(C) मत+एक	(D) माता+ऐक्य
8	'रामावतार' में कौन-सी संधि है	
	(A) गुण संधि	(B) स्वर संधि
	(C) यण संधि	(D) वृद्धि संधि

9	'प्रत्यक्ष' में उपसर्ग है -	
	(A) प्रति	(B) यक्ष
	(C) 牙	(D) 35th
10	'साधारणतया' शब्द में यह प्रत्य	यय (suffix) है -
	(A) या	(B) तया
	(C) साधारण	(D) साधा
11	निम्नलिखित में वर्तनी की ही	ष्ट से शुद्ध शब्द कौन-सा है ?
	(A) विश्लेषन	(B) विश्लेषण
	(C) विस्लेषन	(D) विष्लेशन
12	"इस सवाल को <u>बार-बार</u> क्यों प	नूछ रहे हो ? " रेखांकित पद किस प्रकार का क्रिय
	विशेषण है -	
	(A) समयवाचक क्रिया वि	वेशेषण (B) अवधिवाचक क्रिया विशेषण
	(C) रीतिवाचक क्रिया वि	शेषण (D) स्थिति-बोधक क्रिया विशेषण
13	घर, पर्वत, नदी, मनुष्य, मोर	आदि शब्द इस प्रकार की संज्ञा के उदाहरण हैं -
	· (A) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा	(B) जातिवाचक संज्ञा
	(C) भाववाचक संज्ञा	(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
14	निम्नलिखित में से भाववाचक	संज्ञा शब्द है -
	(A) बचपन	(B) हैदराबाद
	(C) नदी	(D) बिजली
15	'नवग्रह' में कौन-सा समास है	?
	(A) द्विगु	(B) द्वन्द्व
	(C) बहुब्रीह	(D) तत्पुरुष
16	"पेड़ से आम गिरा।" - वाब	न्य में कौन-सा कारक है
	(A) संप्रदान	(B) अपादान
	(C) संबंध	(D) करण

17	"लता द्वारा मधुर गीत गाया जा रहा है।	" इस वाक्य को कर्तृवाच्य मे
	बदलने पर सही वाक्य होगा	
	(A) लता मधुर गीत गाती है।	(B) लता ने मधुर गीत गाया ।
	(C) लता मधुर गीत गा रही है ।	(D) लता मधुर गीत गाएगी ।
18	'गूलर का फूल ।' - मुहावरे का अर्थ है	-
	(A) व्यर्थ वस्तु	(B) बहुत सुंदर
	(C) असंभव बात	(D) मूर्ख
19	"गुड़ खाएँ, गुलगुलों से परहेज ।" - लो	कोक्ति का अर्थ है
	(A) दिखावटी त्याग	(B) कठिन कार्य करना
	(C) गलत काम करना	(D) मुसीबत मोल लेना
20	'च वर्ग' का उच्चारण स्थान है –	
	(A) कण्ठ	(B) तालु
	(C) मूर्धा	(D) दन्त
21	इनमें से कौन भिक्तकाल के कवि नहीं है	<del>†</del> -
	(A) सूरदास	(B) तुलसीदास
	(C) हरिऔध	(D) रैदास
22.	'विनयपत्रिका' के लेखक कौन हैं ?	
	(A) सूरदास	(B) कबीरदास
•	(C) तुलसीदास	(D) सुन्दरदास
23.	'पद्मावत' किस बोली में रचित है -	
	(A) भोजपुरी	(B) ब्रज
	(C) अवधी	(D) खड़ी बोली
24.	रहिमन पानी राखिए, बिन पानी सब सू	न ।
	पानी गए न ऊबरे, मोती मानूष चून ।	। दोहे में कौनसा अलंकार है ?
	(A) अनुप्रास	(B) यमक
	(C) श्लेष	(D) रूपक

25.	'गागर में	सागर' भरने की उक्ति किस	कवि के लिए प्रसिद्ध है ?
	(A)	देव	(B) बिहारीलाल
	(C)	घनानन्द	(D) मीराबाई
26.	"विद्या-ध	ान उद्यम बिना, कही जु पावै	कौन ।
	बिना डुल	ाए ना मिलें, ज्यों पंखे की पौन	।।" इस दोहे के लेखक हैं
	(A)	स्रदास	(B) नंददास
	(C)	रहीम	(D) वृन्द
27.	भारतीय	संविधान के अनुच्छेद 343(1)	के अनुसार हिन्दी संघ की भाषा है।
	(A)	राज	(B) राष्ट्र
	(C)	संपर्क	(D) राज्य
28.	'मधुशाला	' के रचयिता हैं -	
	(A)	रामधारी सिंह 'दिनकर'	(B) बालकृष्ण शर्मा 'नवीन'
	(C)	जयशंकर प्रसाद	(D) हरिवंशराय 'बच्चन'
29.	'मित्रता'	निबंध के लेखक हैं -	
	(A)	रामचन्द्र शुक्ल	(B) आचार्य महावीरप्रसाद द्विवेदी
	(C)	श्यामसुंदर दास	(D) आचार्य हजारीप्रसाद द्विवेदी
30.	'भारत भ	गरती' के रचनाकार हैं ?	
			(B) सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला
*	(C)	मैथिलीशरण गुप्त	(D) जयशंकर प्रसाद
31.	निम्नलि	खित में से कौन छायावाद के	कवि नहीं है ?
	(A)	जयशंकर प्रसाद	(B) सुमित्रानंदन पंत
	(C)	अ ज्ञेय	(D) महादेवी वर्मा
32	'भिक्षुक'	कविता के रचनाकार हैं -	
	(A)	नागार्जुन	(B) निराला
	(C)	जयशंकर प्रसाद	(D) मुक्तिबोध

'अतीत के चलचित्र' रेखाचित्र के त	ोखक हैं -
(A) महादेवी वर्मा	(B) रामवृक्ष बेनीपुरी
(C) विजयमोहन शर्मा	(D) शरदजोशी
'गैंग्रीन' कहानी के लेखक हैं -	
(A) अज्ञेय	(B) प्रेमचन्द
(C) जैनेंद्र	(D) कमलेश्वर
'डेली हिन्दी मिलाप' समाचार पत्र	किस शहर से प्रकाशित हो रहा है -
(A) हैदराबाद	(B) दिल्ली
(C) লख <b>ল</b> ক	(D) इलाहाबाद
प्रेमचन्द द्वारा लिखित 'शतरंज वे	क खिलाड़ी' इस विधा की रचना है -
(A) उपन्यास	(B) कहानी
(C) निबंध	(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
"वर दे, वीणावादिनि वर दे" शीर्षव	क कविता के लेखक हैं
(A) बालकृष्ण शर्मा नवीन	(B) सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला
· (C) नागार्जुन	(D) रामधारी सिंह दिनकर
'मेरा नया बचपन' कविता के र	वनाकार हैं
(A) मैथिली शरण गुप्त	(B) महादेवी वर्मा
(C) हरिवंश राय बच्चन	(D) सुभद्रा कुमारी चौहान
'सचिव' शब्द सही अंग्रेजी अनुवार	द है
(A) Leader	(B) Secretary
	(D) Section
(A) निमंत्रण-पत्र	(B) परिपत्र
(C) अधिसूचना	(D) याचिका
	(A) महादेवी वर्मा (C) विजयमोहन शर्मा 'गैंग्रीन' कहानी के लेखक हैं - (A) अज्ञेय (C) जैनेंद्र 'डेली हिन्दी मिलाप' समाचार पत्र (A) हैदराबाद (C) लखनऊ प्रेमचन्द द्वारा लिखित 'शतरंज वे (A) उपन्यास (C) निबंध "वर दे, वीणावादिनि वर दे" शीर्षव (A) बालकृष्ण शर्मा नवीन (C) नागार्जुन 'मेरा नया बचपन' कविता के रच्यात्र (A) मैथिली शरण गुप्त (C) हरिवंश राय बच्चन 'सचिव' शब्द सही अंग्रेजी अनुवाद (A) Leader (C) President 'Petition' शब्द सही हिन्दी अनुवाद (A) निमंत्रण-पत्र

## Part - A LANGUAGE SCIENCES

(Mark the Booklet code 'B' in the OMR Sheet)

1.	A. B. C.	The scientific study of language The systematic investigation of a scientist's language Examining the language (s) used in Science subjects
	D.	Getting scientific training to learn more languages
2.	In add	ition to Telugu, another major language spoken in Hyderabad located in
	Telang	ana state is
	A.	Arabic
	В.	Dakhni Urdu
	C.	Marathi
	D.	Persian
3.		is/are the national language(s) of India.
J.	A.	Hindi
		English
		Hindi and English None of the above.
	D.	None of the above.
4.	The so	ound 'b' is produced by using
		Tongue and the lips
		Both the lips
		Teeth and the lips
		Teeth and tongue
5.	The Er	nglish word, 'book' contains vowel(s).
	A.	2
	В.	0
	C.	1
	D.	3
6.	In the	internet domain, WWW refers to
	Α.	
		Web World Wide
		World Wide Website
		World Wide Web
_		N. CO. III.
7.		the official language of Nagaland.
	A.	
	В.	
	C.	English and Nagamese

D. Ao Naga

	one of the following four languages are addedin 8 <sup>th</sup> schedule to Constitution a in 2003?
	Dogri, Maithili, Santhali, Manipuri
	Bodo, Dogri, Maithili, Santhali
	Kannada, Malayalam, Tamil, Telugu
	Bodo, Dogri, Urdu, Santhali
9. Langu	age scienceas a discipline focuses on
	Language as an object of study
В.	Only one language such as English
	Only one Indian language such as Tamilor Hindi
D.	Few languages
10. Loo ar	nd Restroom are
	Homonyms
	Synonyms
	Polysems
	Antonyms
υ.	Alteriyins
11. In the	following sentence the word order is
	aa pamDu(ni)  mallaiah
	that fruit Mallaiah ate
	'Mallaiah ate that fruit'.
	Subject, Object, Verb
	Object, Subject, Verb
C.	Object, Verb, Subject
D.	Subject, Subject, Verb
12. In add	ition to singular and plural, dual number is present in
	Sanskrit
	Tamil
	Hindi
	Marathi
13. The la	nguage that uses the Gurumukhi script and is spoken in India is
A.	Hindi
В.	Punjabi
C.	Kashmiri
D.	Gurumukhi language
14. The st	atement "Sanskrit is the mother of all Indian languages" is
	FALSE
	TRUE
	PartiallyFALSE
	Partially TRUE
D.	raidally inot

15. The lang	uage familiesin India are in number.
A. 5	
B. 8	
C. 3	
D. 2	
16 Co for b	our many indian languages have been confound the (Classical Issues)
status?	ow many Indian languages have been conferred the 'Classical language'
A. 3	
В. 6	
P77636 1.25	
D. 4	Only Tamil and Sanskrit
D. 4	
17. The inte	rnational 'mother languageday'is observed on
A. 1	L <sup>st</sup> December
B. 2	21 <sup>st</sup> June
C. 2	21 <sup>st</sup> February
D. 2	21 <sup>st</sup> August
18. Which Ir	ndian ministry handles the "Data on languages"?
A. 1	Ministry of Language Development
	Ministry of Human Resource Development
C. 1	Ministry of Home affairs
D. 1	Ministry Of Information & Broadcasting
10 In the se	entence, "the boys are asked to go to the market", the word 'to' has
	Two different functions
	The same function
	Infinitival function
	Prepositional function
D. 1	repositional function
20. In an En	glishimperative sentence, theverb is typically placed in the
A. F	Final position
B. I	Initial position
C. 1	Middle position
D. /	All the above positions
24   5	to the second of the first the second of the
	ch, le-garcon 'the-boy'; la-fille'the-girl'. le and laagree for
	Number
	Case
	Gender
D. (	Gender and Number

22. In the	sentence 'book a ticke	t', book is	only/bot	h a	
A.	Noun				
В.	Verbal noun				
C.	Verb				
D.	Verband noun				
23. 'Hand'	and 'Finger'have a	relation			
A.	Synonymy				
В.	Partonymy				
C.	Meronymy				
D.	Bodynymy				
24. The Sa	nskrit grammatical tre	atise asht	aadhyaa	viwas written by_	
A.	Patanjali				
В.	Paanini				
C.	Vyaasa				
D.	Bhartruhari				
25. A ling	uist is				
A.	A person who speaks	many lan	guages		
B.	A person who studies	s language	s scientif	ically	
C.	A person who is inter	rested in le	earning m	ore languages	
D.	A person who create	s new lang	guages		
26. In the	following Telugu sente	ence, the v	word nun	nci is a .	
	hyderabad-numci	vaccaani			
	Hyderabad-from	came			
	'I came from Hydera	baď.			
Α.	Preposition				
	Postposition				
• C.	The second of th				
	(b) & (c)				
	(=/==(=/				
6	5 H			france 27 to 30.	
1.5	following data and an	swer the q			
	Telugu	•	i.	Dravidian	
В.		1		Indo-Aryan	
	Santali			Tibeto-Burman	
D.	Bodo	:	IV.	Austro-Asiatic	
27. Telug	u belongs to				
Α.	Dravidian				
В.	Indo-Aryan				
C.	Austro-Asiatic				
D	. Tibeto-Burman				

	elongs to			
	ravidian			
	ustro-Asiatic			
	ibeto-Burmar	)		
D. Ir	ndo-Aryan			
29. Santali b	elongs to			
	ustro-Asiatic			
В. С	Pravidian			
C. It	ndo-Aryan			
D. T	ibeto-Burmar	n		
30 Rodo ha	longs to			
	ongs to Dravidian			
	ndo-Aryan			
	ibeto-Burmai	n		
D. A	Austro-Asiatic			
				rom 21 to 40
Lonsider the fo	llowing data t	rom Swaniii and an	swer the questions f	
anapend	la	'he likes'	alimona	'he saw him'
atapend	a	'he will like'	alimsaidia	'he helped him'
alipenda		'he liked'	alimpiga	'he hit him'
amepen		'he has liked'	alimehukua	'he carried him'
alinipen		'he liked me'	alimua	'he killed him'
		'he liked you'	ananitazama	'he looks at me'
alikuper				
alimper		'he liked him'	atakusikia	'he will hear you'
alituper		'he liked us'	alitupanya	'he cured us'
aliwape	enda	'he liked them'	ninakupenda	'I like you'
nitampe	enda	'I will like him'	nitawapenda	'I will like them'
31. In Swah	ili, the prono	un'he'is		
Α. /				
В. 1				
C. 1				
D. 1	wa			
32. In Swah	ili, the prono	un'me' is		
Α.	na			
В.	ni			
C.	wa			
D.	ona			
		*		

33. ln 9	Swa	hili, the pronoun'you' is
	A.	ku
	В.	kua
	C.	ki
	D.	ni
34. ln 5	Swa	hili, the pronoun'him' is
	A.	
	В.	me
	C.	ma
	D.	
35. In 9	Swa	hili, the verbs 'see' is
		ona
	В.	mona
	C.	liona
		on
36. In 9	Swa	hili, the pronoun'us' is
	A.	ta
	В.	tu
	C.	ni
	D.	taku
27 1- (		hili +h
37. In 3		hili, the pronoun'them' is
	Α.	
		wa
		wata
	D.	None
38 In 9	Swa	hili, the pronoun'l' is
30		na
		ona
	C.	wa
	D.	ni
	υ.	
39. In 9	Swa	hili, the present tense marker is
	Α.	
	В.	na
	C.	li
	D.	
	U.	me
40. In 9	Swa	hili, the verb 'like' is
	Α.	litupenda
	В.	lipenda
		tapenda
		penda

# Part-A

(Mark the Booklet Code C in the OMR Sheet)

(కింది ప్రశ్నలకు ఒక్కొక్క దానికి నాలుగేసి ప్రత్యామ్నాయ సమాధానాలు ఉన్నాయి. వీటిలో సరైన సమాధానం ఒక్కటే. దాన్ని OMR Sheetలో గుర్తించండి.)

1.	శ్రీమదాంధ్ర మహాభారతవ	ులో చివరి పర్వము పేరు?		
	A) స్వర్గారోహణము	B) ఆశ్రమవాసము	C) మహాథ్రస్థానిక పర్వ	ము D) మౌసలపర్వము
2.	తెలుగు ఋతువుల సంఖ్య	?		
	A) 12	B) అరు	C) 15	D) 60
3.	రామాయణంలో ద్వితీయ	కాండ పేరు?		
	A) బాల	B) కిష్కింధ	C) అరణ్య	D) అయోధ్య
4.	సుగాత్రీ–శాలీనుడు అనే వే	ాత్రలు గల ప్రబంధము?		
	A) వసుచరిత్రము	B) కళాపూర్ణోదయము	C) మనుచరిత్రము	D)పారిజాతాపహరణమ
5.	తిరుమల రామచంద్ర ఆత	్మకథ పేరు?		
	A. స్పీయచరిత్రము	B) అనంతం	C) హంపీ నుండి హరక	ప్పదాక D) నాకథ
6.	కిందివాటిలో సాధు రూప	ము?		
	A) ఏదీకాదు	B) నివషించు	C) నివశించు	D) నివసించు
7.	కిందివాటిలో సాధురూపం?			
	A) గ్రంథము	B) గ్రందము	C) గరందము	D) గ్రంధము
8.	దేవైశ్వర్యము — దీనిలో జ	రిగిన సంధిరూపం?		
	A) గుణసంధి	B) వృద్ధిసంధి	C ) యణాదేశసంధి	D) సవర్ణదీర్ఘసంధి
9.	ఉపేందుడు – దీనిలో జరిగ	గిన సంధి రూపం?		Ligana
	A) గుణసంధి	B) సవర్ణదీర్ఘసంధి	C) యణాదేశసంధి	D) వృద్ధిసంధి
10	. మాయమ్మ –దీనిలో జరిగిన	న సంధిరూపం?		
	A) అకారసంధి	B) యడాగమసంధి	C) ఇకారసంధి	D) తికసంధి
11	. హరిజన శతకము గ్రంథక	కర్త?		
	A) బోయి భీమన్న		B) కుసుమ ధ	ర్మన్న
	C) గరిమెళ్లు సత్తువారాం	က်အ	D) ఉన్నన లక్	ತ್ರಿನ್ ನಾರ್

2	కి ఆధ్యుదు?		
$\mathrm{A})$ రాయప్రోలు సుబ్బార	ావ	B) శ్రీరంగం నా	ာငာတာရေး
C) గుర్రం జాషువ		D) నాయని సు	బ్బారావు
13. 'మామకాగమనవార్తనెరిగ	ింపుము' దీనిలో గల అలం	కారం?	
$\mathrm{A})$ ఉత్పేక్ష	B) శ్లేష C) ఉ	పమ D) మ	ుక్తపదగ్రస్తము
14. ఈ చీకటిని చక్రవాకియొ	క్క విరహాగ్ని నుండి పుట్టిన	వీకటిగా భావించెదను' దీనిం	హే గల అలంకారం ?
$\mathrm{A})$ ఉత్పేక్ష	B) భ్రాంతి మదం (	C) దీపకం D) రు	ాపకం
15. ఆటవెలదిలో ప్రాసయతి	వాడవచ్చునా ?		
A) వాదవచ్చు		C) కవినిబట్టి ఉంటుంది	D) ఏదీకాదు
16. తెనుఁగునకు వర్ణములు శ	ಎನ್ನಿ?		
A) 55	B) 36	C) 40	D) 56
17. లువర్ణకంబు?			
A) ఏకవచనంబు	B) ఉభయంబు	C) బహువచనంబు	D) ఏదీకాదు
18.గాథాసప్తశతి' సంకలనం	ు చేసిన రాజు?		
$\mathrm{A})$ విక్రమార్కుడు	B) భట్టి	C) హాలుదు	D) గుణాధ్యుదు
19. తెలుగులో రాయబడిన స	సద్యశాసనాల్లో మొదటిది?		
$\mathrm{A})$ అద్దంకి శాసనం	B) ముఖరింగశాసనం	C) ఎఱ్ఱగుడిపాడు శాసన	ం D) బెజవాద శాసనం
20. శృంగారం ఒక్కబే రసం	అన్న వారెవరు?		
A) భరతుడు	B) భోజుదు	C) నారాయణుడు	D) భానుదత్తుడు
21. కావ్య ప్రకాశము' అనే ఆ	లంకారశాస్త్ర గ్రంథకర్త?		
A) భామహుడు	B) రుద్రకుుడు	C) మమ్మటుడు	D) దండి
22.కిందివానిలో సరైన పదం	?		
$\mathrm{A})$ మద్యహ్నము	B) మద్యాన్నము	$\mathrm{C})$ మధ్యాహ్నము	D) మజ్జాన్నము
23. 'సభరనమయవ' అనే గ	ణాలు పద్యపాదంలో వరుస	గా వచ్చే పద్యం పేరు?	*
A) చంపకమాల	B) శార్దూలం	C) మత్తేభం	$\mathrm{D})$ ఉత్పలమాల
24. 'పాయకపాకశాసనికి భ	ంరత ఘోరరణంబునందు నా	" – ఈ పద్యపాదం గల వ	ృత్తం?
A) చంపకమాల	B) ఉత్పలమాల	C) శార్దూలం	D) మత్తేభం
25. 'వచయింతు వేములవారి	వ భీమనభంగినుద్దండలీలనొ	ొక్కొక్కమాటు' అన్నదెవరు?	
A) వేములవాడ భీమన	B) త్రీనాథుడు	C) భీమేశ్వరుదు	$\mathrm{D})$ మల్లియరేచన
26. 'ప్రవరుడు' అనే పాత్ర ఏ	కావ్యంలోనిది ?		
A. విజయవిలాసం	B) శృంగార నైషధం	$\mathrm{C})$ ఆముక్తమాల్యద	$\mathrm{D})$ మనుచరిత్ర

27.కి	విజనాశ్రయము ఏ శాస్త్రా	నికి సంబంధించింది ?		
A	) ఛందస్సు	B) వ్యాకరణము	C) చరిత్ర	D) భాషాశాస్త్రము
28.కి	నిరాజశిఖామణి' అనే బిర	పదు గల కవి?		
· A	) నన్నయ	B) పెద్దన	.C) శ్రీకృష్ణదేవరాయలు	D) నన్నెచోదుదు
29. చ	తుర్వేదసారము' అనే గ్రఁ	ుథాన్ని రాసిందెవరు?		
A	) పాల్కురికి సోమన	B) నాచన సోమన	$\mathrm{C}$ ) పిడపర్తి సోమన	D) తిక్కన
30. ම	క్కన తన 'త్రీమదాంద్రమ	హాభారతము'ను ఎవరికి అం	ంకితమిచ్చాదు?	
A	) మనుమసిద్ధికి	B) గణపతి దేవు?	నికి C) హరిహరునికి	D) తన శిష్యునికి
31.ఈ	శతకమును బద్దెన రాశ	ాడని పరిశోధకులు భావిస్తు	న్నారు?	
A	) కుమారశతకము	B) కృష్ణశతకము	C) సుమతీశతకము	D) వృషాధిప శతకము
32. 'వ	బార్కండేయపురాణము'న	రు రాసిందెవరు?		
A	) కేతన	B) మారన	C) మంచన	D) ఎఱ్ఱన
33. 'సి	రియాళునికథ' గల కావ	్యము పేరు?		
Α	) బసవపురాణము	B) కాశీఖందము	C) భీమఖందము	D) హరవిలాసము
34. ද්	మదాంధ్రమహాభాగవతు	యును పోతన ఎవరి దయవం	ల్ల వర్ణించానని చెప్పుకున్నార	ప?
A	.) శ్రీరాముడు	B) నారదుడు	C) వ్యాసుదు	D) శ్రీకృష్ణుడు
35. 'పె	ుద్దబాలశిక్ష' గ్రంథ రచం	<u>කම බ්රා ?</u>		
A	) పుదూరి సీతారామశా	స్త్రి B) ఏనుగు లక్ష్మణకవి	C) బద్దెన D)పక్కి	వెంకట నరసింహకవి
36. ₹	లుగులో మొట్టమొదటి ఇ	ంటకవులు?		
A	.) నాయని సుబ్బారావు	B) కందుకూరి వీరేశరింగ	గం C) రాయబ్రోలు సుబ్బా	రావు D) త్రీత్రీ
37.తు	ంది వర్జానికి ముందున్న స	వర్డాన్ని ఏమంటారు?		
В	.) కళ	B) ఉపధ	C) తత్సమము	$\mathrm{D})$ వైకల్పికము
38.ఛ	ందోపరిభాషలో IUI ఈ	శ గణాన్ని ఏమని పిలుస్తారు	?	4
A	'స' గణము	B) 'న' గణము	C) 'భ' గణము	D) 'జ' గణము
39. న	న్నయ భాషాపరంగా డ్రం	మోగించిన పదం ?		
A	ఆంధ	B) తెనుంగు	C) ತಲುch	D) ఏదీకాదు
40.ప	దాలకు ధాతువులు నిర్ణం	ముంచి, వాని వృత్పత్తిల్ని నిర	్వచించే గ్రంథాలను ఏమంట	ారు?
A	అలంకారశాస్త్రాలు	B) ఏదీకాదు	C) ఛందస్సు	D) నిరుక్తాలు

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# Part - B English

41. As people become lazier, robotics will be the industry.		
A 4		
A. twilight B. rise		
C. sunrise		
D. sunset		
D. Suiset		
42. The aftermath of the earthquake	was shocking. An entire race got	
A. changed		
B. obliterated		
C. reduced		
D. vanished		
43. No homework	_ done when the teacher is away.	
A. becomes		
B. gets		
C. been		
D. got		
44. Quick! the tra	in. It is ready to leave the station.	
A. get to	·	
B. get for		
C. get in		
D. get on		
45. He found his rival's concern for	his health	
13. 110 Journa ma man a comocni for		
A. obvious		
B. suspicious		
C. concealed	•	
D. perfect		
46. The forces g	ot stronger. This raised the hopes of a bette	er future.
A. benign		
B. beingn	•	
C. bening		
D. bengin		
47you like? I li	ike Grapes and Mangoes.	
A What him I of finit		
A. What kind of fruit	•	
B. What type of fruit do		
C. How many fruits do D. Types of fruits do		
ים, Tybes of Hairs an		

-	48. The faster you ride the	the chances of accidents.
	A. stronger	
	B. high	
	C. greater	
	D. maximum	
	49. Her parents'tennis.	left her undaunted to pursue her ambition to play
	A. encouragement	
	B. sportsmanship	
	C. disapproval	
	D. applause	
	50. The cause.	people from among the alumni decided to appeal for the
	A	
	A. imminent	pr.
	B. eminent C. immediate	
	D. familiar	
	D. Iainillai	
		iii and iv) in which there is an error.  st ever reality-based pop band hunt, is going on in full swing  ii iii
	with numerous entries ca	ame in.
	iv	
	A. i	
	B. ii	
	C. iii	
	• D. iv	
	52. She was	begging for money.
	A. reduced to	
	B. reduced in	
	C. reduced for	
	D. reduced from	
	53. "Mushrooming of slummeans:	s is an inevitable part of urbanization." Here, "mushrooming"
	A. Vegetable garde	ns
	B. Low-quality hou	
	C. Unchecked grov	
	D. Unhealthy socie	
	- ···· • • · · · · • · · · · · · · · · ·	· •

54. To be, I don't think yours is the best approach.
A. clever
B. free
C. frank
D. straight
Identify the section (i, ii, iii and iv) in which there is an error.  55. To curbing the spread of violence, authorities brought under curfew iii iii
the State, where three young men were killed.
A. i
B. ii C. iii
D. iv
56. On the face of it, the lawyer's logic seemed infallible. Here, the meaning of "infallible" is:
A. far-fetched
B. basic
C. meaningless
D. flawless
57. Good advice is generally, even by friends.
A. welcomed
B. followed
C. criticised
D. appreciated
Identify the section (i, ii, iii and iv) in which there is an error.
58. Not only was the actress over the moon as winning an award. but was also deeply  i ii iii
touched by the support she got from the industry.
iv A. i
B. ii
C. iii
D. iv
59. The volcano Mount Sinabung in Indonesia active for four centuries until 2010 and since then it has displaced 30,000 people.
A. had not been
B. has been
C. should have been
D. should not have been

placed for you.	oose the right sequence. The first sentence has been
Sentence i. He had been sure it wo	
•	s car had broken down on the way back.
iii. But, the meeting had g	•
iv. He was lucky to hitch	a ride on the last ous.  hanic who couldn't diagnose the problem.
v. The garage sent a mee	maine who couldn't diagnose the problem.
A. v, iv, iii, ii	
B. ii, iii, iv, v	
C. ii, iii, iv, v	
D. iii, ii, v, iv	
61. Choose the right sentence from the op	tions given below.
A. There are plenty of employmen	nt in dentistry.
B. There are plenty of employmen	•
C. There is plenty of employment	· ·
D. There is plenty of employment	in dentistry.
62 Fill in the blanks with the appropriate	ontion given below
62. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate	option given below.
After flying	the country for a quitable leastion be pettled
Alter Hyling	the country for a suitable location, he settled
downl	the country for a suitable location, he settled Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
. down1	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
. down l A. over – on	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over – on B. around – on	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
. down l A. over – on	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.  in my neighbour's house.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in 63. We failed to understand how the fire	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over - on B. around - on C. through - in D. around - in  63. We failed to understand how the fire A. broke in	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in  63. We failed to understand how the fire  A. broke in B. broke away	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in  63. We failed to understand how the fire  A. broke in B. broke away C. broke down	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in  63. We failed to understand how the fire  A. broke in B. broke away C. broke down D. broke out  64. The car pulled	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages in my neighbour's house.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in 63. We failed to understand how the fire A. broke in B. broke away C. broke down D. broke out 64. The car pulled A. off	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages in my neighbour's house.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in  63. We failed to understand how the fire  A. broke in B. broke away C. broke down D. broke out  64. The car pulled	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages in my neighbour's house.
A. over – on B. around – on C. through – in D. around – in  63. We failed to understand how the fire  A. broke in B. broke away C. broke down D. broke out  64. The car pulled  A. off B. up	Hyderabad, for its multifaceted advantages in my neighbour's house.

Identify the section (i, ii, iii and iv) in which there is an error.

65. A body of volunteers have been organized to help the faculty in their attempt to raise

i ii iv

funds.

- A. i
- B. ii
- C. iii
- D. iv

Identify the section (i, ii, iii and iv) in which there is an error.

66. The green paint on the wall provided a suitable contrast with the yellow doors.

A. i B. ii

C. iii

D. iv

Read the text below and answer the questions that follow.

Religious architecture forms a major portion of India's built heritage. These structures are not only unwritten documents of history, they are also stamps of the might of the rulers who built them and articulations of grand visions.

iii

Secular and religious structures are products of their location — the material used to build them depended on what was available to the kings and workers at that time. They were also a reflection of the piety of the artisans and workers, for nothing else can explain the hard work that went into cutting through solid natural rock to carve out temples and spectacular sculptures. Rock-cut architecture never fails to awe me with all its majesty, precision, and intricate detail.

(Safvi, Rana, 4 Feb 2018, The Hindu).

- 67. Which of the following is not correct according to the passage?
  - A. The kings built religious structures.
  - B. The kings expressed their grand visions through religious structure.
  - C. Religious structures are unrecorded registers of history.
  - D. A great part of our country's built heritage is available in history records and religious structures.
- 68. What is the author's attitude to the ideas expressed in the text?
  - A. Resentful
  - B. Ironical
  - C. Sarcastic
  - D. Admirable

- 69. Secular and religious structures are products of their location what does 'their' refer to here?
  - A. Secular and religious structure
  - B. The rulers
  - C. Workers
  - D. The material
- 70. The main idea of the passage is...
  - A. Religious structures are unwritten records of history.
  - B. Religious structures are built by cutting through solid natural rock.
  - C. Religious structures occupy a lion's share of India's built heritage.
  - D. Religious structures also indicate the artisan's and workers' devotion.
- 71. Which of the following is correct?
  - A. Carving out religious structures out of solid natural rock is not just a skill but devotion.
  - B. Religious structures need not signify the strength of the king.
  - C. Religious structures evoke some sense of doubt in the author because they are majestic, precise and intricate in detail.
  - D. Religious structures are built by the artisans and workers.
- 72. Which of the following is grammatically incorrect?
  - A. Certain people break the rules without impunity.
  - B. Certain people break the rules with impunity
  - C. Certain people break the rules impunitively.
  - D. Certain break the rules by impunity.
- 73. Which of the following is grammatically correct?
  - A. The label on the bottle suggests that the medicine be kept in cool place.
  - B. The label on the bottle suggests us to keep the medicine in cool place.
  - C. The label on the bottle suggests that the medicine is kept in cool place.
  - D. The label on the bottle suggests to us that the medicine is kept in cool place.
- 74. What does this sentence mean: "Despite honesty, he is poor".
  - A. He is poor because he is honest.
  - B. He is poor but honest
  - C. He is honest because he is poor.
  - D. He is honest but poor.
- 75. Which of the following is grammatically incorrect?
  - A. His slow progress has been cause of concern.
  - B. His slow progress has been causing for concern.
  - C. His slow progress has been cause for concern.
  - D. His slow progress has been cause without concern.

# Part -C

/6.	The theme of 'Earth day' for 2018 is :
	<ul><li>A) End plastic pollution.</li><li>B) Preserve rocks.</li><li>C) Grow forests.</li><li>D) Save water.</li></ul>
<b>77</b> .	On which day is 'Earth Day' observed?  A) March 25 <sup>th</sup> B) April 22nd  C) March 5 <sup>th</sup> D) April 1 <sup>st</sup>
78.	In which country is Majuli island the largest river island?
	A) US B) India C) UK D) Japan
79.	The largest IT Company in India is :  A) TCS B) Infosys C) Polaris D) Wipro
80.	Which country won Sultan Azlan Shah Cup in Hockey?
	A) Australia B) India C) Malaysia D) None of these
81.	Who is the Grand Old Man of Indian Cricket?
•	A) Prof.C.R.Rao B) Prof.D.B. Deodhar C) Prof. Ramanujam D) Prof.Swaminathan
82.	Who is the Indian woman to win a Gold Medal at Senior Asian Wrestling Championship?
	A) Navjot Kaur B) Sakshi Malik C) Poonam Devi D)P.V.Sindhu
83	World Milk Day is observed on which date?
	A) 29 <sup>th</sup> May B) 1 <sup>st</sup> June C) 30 <sup>th</sup> April D) 22 <sup>nd</sup> April
84	. India'soldest Muslim shrine, "CheramanJuma Masjid", is located in which State?
	A) Maharashtra B) Gujarat C) Kerala D) Telangana

85.	Which train has completed its first semi-high speed trial run in India?	Q
	A) Gatiman Express B) Taj Express C) GaribRath D) Indraprastha Express	
86.	The Headquarters of Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDA) located in which city of India?	is
	A) Chennai B) Mumbai C) New Delhi D)Hyderabad	
87.	What are the main functions of IRDA?	
	A) Protect the rights of policy-holders B) Promoteinsurancebusiness C) Regulateinvestment funds D) All of the above	
88.	Who is the Governor of Reserve Bank of India?	
	A) Dr. C. Rangarajan B)Dr. Raghuram Rajan C) Dr. Urjit Patel D) S. Venkitaramanan	
89.	Which State secured the first place in 'Khelo India School Games'?	
	A) Haryana B) Punjab C) Gujarat D) Maharashtra	
90.	In the 65 <sup>th</sup> National Film Awards the 'Best Actress' award went to:	
	A) Sridevi B) Madhuri Dikshit C) Aishwarya Rai Bachchan D)Priyanka Chopra	
91.	Dadasaheb Phalke Awardee for 2018 is :	
	A) Amitabh Bachchan B)Vinod Khanna C) Shashi Kapoor D) Rajesh Khanna	
<del>9</del> 2	In the 65 <sup>th</sup> National Film Awards, the 'Best Film' for popular wholesome entertainmen is :	t
	A) Bahubali-1 B) Toilet-Ek Premkatha C) Bahubali -2: The Conclusion D) Mom	
93.	. 'NariShakti' Puraskar 2017 awardee is :	

A) Jayamma Bhandari B) Mary Kom C) Sudha Narayana Murty D) P.V. Sindhu

	A) April 18 <sup>th</sup> B) April 10 <sup>th</sup> C) April 22 <sup>nd</sup> D) March 30 <sup>th</sup>
95.	8 <sup>th</sup> Theatre Olympics was organized by :
	A) National School of Drama B) Sangeet Natak Academy C) Theatre of Arts D) Sahity Academy
96.	Captain of Hyderabad Sunrisers in IPL 2018 is:
	A) Bhuvaneswar Kumar B) MS Dhoni C) R Ashwin D) None of these
97.	'Ek Bharat Shreshtha Bharat' is announced by Govt. on the occasion of 140 <sup>th</sup> birth anniversary of :
	A) Indira Gandhi B) Sardar Patel C) Lala Lajpat Rai D) None of these
98.	Raja Ravi Varma is an eminent :
	A) Painter B) Singer C) SculptorD) Writer
99.	Khajuraho dance festival is held in :
	A) Assam B) Odisha C) Kerala D) Madhya Pradesh
100	. "Losar" festival is the traditional festival of:
	A) Ladakh region of Jammu and Kashmir B) Bangladesh C) Sri Lanka D) Tripura

94. "World Heritage Day" is observed on :