## **ENTRANCE EXAMINATION - 2020**

## M.Sc. Molecular Microbiology

Time: 2 hours	Maximum	n Marks: 100
HALL TICKET NO.		

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Please read carefully before answering the questions:

- 1. Write your Hall Ticket Number in the OMR Answer Sheet given to you. Also write the Hall Ticket Number in the space provided above.
- 2. There is negative marking. Each wrong answer carries -0.33 mark.
- 3. Answers are to be marked only on the <u>OMR answer sheet</u> following the instructions provided there upon.
- 4. Hand over the OMR answer sheet at the end of the examination to the Invigilator.
- 5. No additional sheets will be provided. Rough work can be done in the question paper itself/space provided at the end of the booklet.
- 6. The question paper contains 100 questions (Part-A: Question Nos. 1-25 and Part-B: Questions Nos. 26-100) of multiple-choice printed in 19 pages, including this page. One OMR answer sheet is provided separately. Please check.
- 7. Each question carries one mark.
- 8. The marks obtained in Part-A will be used for resolving the tie cases.
- 9. Calculators and mobile phones are NOT allowed.

# PART - A

1. Identify the mismatch

	Α.	vector us	ed in numan genome j	project - re	ast artificial ch	romosomes	
	В.	Salt and s	ugar preserve foods -	because the	ey are hyperton	ic	,
	C.	Luminesc	ent bacteria emit light	- because	they have the e	nzyme luciferas	e .
	D.		osis is a – Water borne		•	·	
2.			odynamics says "no op at absorbed by a syste		-	•	nly
	A.	energy ad	ded to the system	В.	work done by	y the system	
	C.	work don	e on the system	D.	energy remo	ved from the sy	/stem
3.		wing are sor from the fo	ne of the commonly u ollowing:	sed biocher	nical tests in m	icrobiology. Ide	entify the
	A.	Nesslers	reagent test – Ammoni	ification - 1	Vitrate broth		
	В.	Iodine rea	agent test - Starch hyd	rolysis – St	arch agar		
,	C.	Phenol re	d test - Acid production	on – Phenol	red malate bro	oth	
	D.	Rose indo	ole test – Indole produ	ction – SIM	l agar		
4.	Identify th	ne <u>correct</u> n	natches				
	-ii. F iii. M iv. B	ried egg app 1ycoplasma	duced by <i>Pseudomona</i> pearance colonies on so so reproduce by – Budd lotoxins are localized in	olid media ling	– Mycoplasma	<b>S</b> .	
	A.	i, ii	B. iii, iv	C. ii,	iv	D. ii, iii	
5.			at antiparallel β-strand are that the latter	led protein	structures are	more stable tha	n parallel
	A.	do not ha	ive as many disulfide o	crosslinks b	etween adjacer	nt strands	
	В.		ack in sheets as well a			THE PERSON WITH	
	C.		er lateral hydrogen bo	-		ds	
	D.		iker hydrogen bonds la		•		
	J.		are injureden conde i	motury out	. von aajavont s	FF WIELD	•

	Code No. W-12
6.	One scientist has asked his research scholar to prepare 100 ml of GTE buffer containing 1% glucose, 25 mM Tris and 10 mM EDTA. He gave him glucose powder and stock solution of 1M Tris and 0.5 M EDTA. How much quantity/volume is required to prepare the required concentration of GTE buffer?
	A. 1 gm glucose powder, 5 ml of Tris and 2 ml of EDTA  B. 1 gm glucose powder, 2.5 ml of Tris and 2 ml of EDTA  C. 0.1 gm glucose powder, 2.5 ml of Tris and 2 ml of EDTA  D. 0.1 gm glucose powder, 2.5 ml of Tris and 20 ml of EDTA

A. homologous recombination B. ligase C. gyrase D. telomerase

- 8. Which statement is **incorrect** about the SDS-PAGE technique?
  - Separations are run on gel-covered plates A.
  - Sodium dodecyl sulfate is used to denature the samples being separated В.
  - It is a type of gel exclusion chromatographic method of separation C.
  - D. It is used to separate native proteins
- 9. Presence of DNA-degrading enzymes in the extracellular medium, would prevent transfer of DNA by
  - conjugal transfer by a self-transmissible plasmid A.
  - generalized phage transduction В.
  - C. natural transformation
  - D. specialized transduction
- 10. An example of the oxidative deamination is
  - glutamate = hexanoic acid + NH<sub>3</sub> Α.
  - $aspartate + \alpha$ -ketoglutarate = glutamate + oxaloacetate В.
  - glutamate =  $\alpha$ -ketoglutarate + NH<sub>3</sub> C.
  - aspartate + hexanoic acid = glutamate + oxaloacetate D.
- 11. In ...... operation one or more components of mixture of liquid or solid phases are transferred to another liquid phase
  - C. absorption D. adsorption distillation B. extraction Α.

12. Raoult's la	w applies to	••••			
A. C.				l solutions solution	
13. Chaperones are concerned primarily with:					
	Post translation Denaturation s		_	gradation process tein folding	•
14. Which of the following cells are epithelial cells located in the gastric gland?					
A.	Dendritic cells	B. Parietal	cells C. Gob	let cells D.	Chief cells
15. Identify the correct match					
<ul> <li>A. Mesosomes are the part of – Golgi apparatus</li> <li>B. Enzyme hydrolyzing bacterial cell wall – Protease</li> <li>C. The photorespiration involves – Glycolate cycle</li> <li>D. Bioleaching is done by – Algae</li> </ul>					
16. Identify th	e <u>wrong</u> statem	ent			
<ul> <li>A. Albumin is not a hemoprotein</li> <li>B. Ciprofloxacin acts by inhibiting bacterial DNA gyrase</li> <li>C. Zinc is required for the enzyme alcohol dehydrogenase</li> <li>D. I cell disease is associated with mitochondria</li> </ul>					
17. The mode	of nutrition of	a parasitic protozoa	ı is:	,	
A. Ar	chenozoic	B. Parazoic	C. Holozoic	D. Mesoz	oic
18. Identify th	ne <u>wrong</u> staten	nent	•		

- A. The genus *Torula* is a common yeast which is often grown on wood liquor and is a good source of the amino acid, glutamic acid.
- B. Botulism is the most common food borne disease caused by the spores of *Clostridium botulinum* which produce the neurotoxin botulinum.
- C. Rancidity of stored foods is due to the activity of proteolytic microorganisms.
- D. Virulence of the microorganisms can be reduced by attenuation.

#### 19. Identify the wrong statement

- A. WIDAL test is used for the detection of typhoid fever which detects agglutinating antibodies against the O and H antigens of Salmonella typhi.
- B. Corynebacterium diphtheriae is the pathogenic bacterium that causes diphtheria. It is also known as the Klebs-Löffler Bacillus.
- C. Acridine dyes are more effective against the obligate pathogens like Mycoplasma.
- D. Streptococcus pneumoniae are non-motile, gram-stain-positive facultative anaerobic bacteria that belong to the phylum Firmicutes.

#### 20. Identify the wrong statement

- A. Cefepime is an antibiotic which acts by inhibiting cell wall synthesis.
- B. Aminoglycosides are bacteriostatic.
- C. Puromycin is a potential inhibitor of protein synthesis that acts as an analogue of aminoacyl-t-RNA.
- D. Drug resistance in *Staphylococcus aureus* is most commonly acquired by transduction.

#### 21. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true regarding Agrobacterium?

- (i) Agrobacterium tumefaciens causes crown gall disease in monocotyledonous plants
- (ii) Agrobacterium rhizogenes induces hairy root disease in dicotyledonous plants
- (iii) Both A. tumefaciens and A. rhizogenes are Gram negative in nature
- (iv) Both A. tumefaciens and A. rhizogenes uses vertical gene transfer to infect plants
- A. (i) and (ii)
- B. (ii) only
- C. (ii) and (iii)
- D. (iii) and (iv)

#### 22. Which of the following correctly defines the primer?

- A. Primers are the short sequences at the end of the nucleotide sequences which are used for amplification
- B. Primers are the short sequences which are complementary to the nucleotides at the end of the sequence which is to be amplified
- C. Primers are the short sequences present anywhere in the nucleotide sequence to be amplified
- D. Primers are the short sequences which are complementary to the nucleotides anywhere in the sequence to be amplified

#### 23. Match the following:

1. Rhodobacter sphaeroides

i. Bacteria cell wall

2. Chlamydomonas

ii. Fungi

3. Heterotroph

iii. Hydrogen sulphide

4. Murein

iv. Algae

5. Bacterial photosynthesis

v. Purple non-sulfur bacterium

vi. Cyanobateria

A. 1-v, 2-iv, 3-ii, 4-i, 5-iii

B. 1-v, 2-iv, 3-vi, 4-i, 5-iii

C. 1-i, 2-iv, 3-ii, 4-v, 5-vi

D. 1-vi, 2-v, 3-i, 4-ii, 5-iii

- 24. Given below are the statements on primosomes and replisomes that are involved in prokaryotic DNA replication.
  - (i) Primosome is a helicase plus a DNA polymerase III
  - (ii) Replisome includes a primosome plus two copies of DNA polymerase III
  - (iii) Primosome opens the DNA and creates RNA primers on lagging strands
  - (iv) Replisome coordinates replication on both the leading and lagging strands at the Y-junction

#### Which of the above are correct?

- A. (i), (ii) and (iii)
- B. (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- C. (i), (iii) and (iv)
- D. (ii), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- 25. Consider the following statements that describe the function of the eukaryotic promoter.
  - I. typically lies towards the 5' region of the gene
  - II. many eukaryotic genes have a conserved promoter sequence called the TATA box
  - III. it is the region of translational start site
  - IV. serves as sequence to which transcription apparatus binds

#### Which of the following statements related to the above are correct?

- A. Statements I, II and III are correct
- B. Statements I, II and IV are correct
- C. Statements I, III and IV are correct
- D. Statements II, III and IV are correct

# PART - B

		those that excrete nitr a uricotelic organism?	=	the form of uric acid. Which
	A. Mammals	B. Frogs	C. Bony Fish	D. Birds
27. Wh	en DNA is denature	ed, it:		
	A. becomes single C. is degraded in	e-stranded to single nucleotides	D. becc	ecipitated in alcohol omes a gelatinous mass, just cooked egg white
28. Ho	w many chiral carbo	on atoms are present in	a glucose molecule	?
	A. 6	B. 8	C. 4	D. 12
29. Wh	at are the amino ac	ids which are biosynthe	esized from oxaloac	etate?
30. A 1	B. Lysine, Sering C. Leucine, Isole D. Threonine, Va	Methionine, Threonine, e, Methionine, Asparageucine, Lysine, Arginin aline, Isoleucine, Prolin th 25.68 kb (kilobase p	ine e ne	o mb (megabase pair).
	A. 2.568	B. 0.2568	C. 0.02568	D. 0.002568
31. WI	hat is the function o	f sieve cells and where	are they located in	the root system?
	B. They are loca C. They are loca	ted in the xylem and fu ted in the xylem and fu ted in the phloem and t ted in the phloem and t	metion to transport function to transpor	organic compounds. t water.
	ven that the molectepare a 0.3 M (Mola		58.44, how many	grams of NaCl is required to
	A. 0.1753	B. 1.753	C. 17.53	D. 175.3

33. Vasa efferentia is the part of one of the most important human organs which arises from					
	A. Kidney	B. Veins	C. Ovary	D. Testis	
34. The pro	ocess of translation	requires the presence of	of:	,	
	. mRNA, tRNA ar . DNA, mRNA an	nd ribosomes d RNA polymerase	•	mes and RNA polymerase bases, amino acids and	
	35. Consider the following statements comparing the organization and composition of prokaryotic ( <i>E. coli</i> ) and eukaryotic (mouse) ribosomes.				
(	(ii) Mouse has 80 (iii) 16S rRNA is (iv) 18S rRNA is	S ribosomes made of 3 of some statements are correct?	OS and 50S subunit ubunit of <i>E. coli</i> rib ubunit of mouse rib	s osome	
<i>!</i> H	A. (i) and (ii) B. (ii) and (iii) C. (iii) and (iv) D. (i) and (iv)				
36. The ra	tio of SDS to prote	in in SDS-PAGE	•		
· A	1:01.4	B. 1.4:1	C. 1:4 D. 4	4:1	
37. Effecti becaus		tic agents are difficult to	o develop for the tre	atment of fungal infections	
<ul> <li>A. Fungi have cell wall.</li> <li>B. Fungi have better mechanisms to inactivate drugs.</li> <li>C. Fungi are eukaryotic cells and their cellular machinery is similar to that of the host.</li> <li>D. Fungal pathogens typically infect organs inaccessible for antibiotic treatment</li> </ul>					
38. The pi	urity of an enzyme	at various stages of pur	rification is best me	asured by	
	. Total protein . Specific activity of	of the enzyme	B. Total enzyme a D. Percent recover		
				•	

39. Match the human syndrome given in Panel A with the chromosomal imbalance described in Panel B

Panel A

I. Down's syndrome

Panel B

a. caused by an extra chromosome of 18

II. Kleinfelter's syndrome		•	ra chromosome o	
III. Patau's syndrome		-	ra chromosome o	
IV. Edward's syndrome	d. ca	used by an ext	ra X chromosom	e in males
A. I-b; II-d; III-a; IV-c				
B. I-b; II-c; III-d; IV-a				
C. I-c; II-d; III-b; IV-a				
D. I-c; II-d; III-a; IV-b				
40. A special voice box which is cha	aracte	ristic of birds a	and is located at	the posterior end of the
trachea and its junction with the	broncl	ni for producing	g sound is called	as:
A. Pygostyle B. Syr	nsacru	m C. L	arynx	D. Syrinx
41. The sex of a child is dictated by t	the int	neritance of:		
A. The number of X chromosome B. A single Y chromosome C. A single Y chromosome D. Y chromosomes from the	from from	the mother the father	her	
42. Which of the following is not a d	lietary	antioxidant?		
A. Vitamin C	В.	Vitamin K	C. Vitamin D	D. Vitamin E
43. Lacteals are associated with				
A. Lymphatic system		В. Г	Reproductive sys	tem
C. Endocrine system		D. 1	Nervous system	
44. If a strand of a helix has 30% add	enine,	which of the fe	ollowing inferen	ces is <u>true</u> ?
A. The strand has 30% thyr			osite strand has (	
C. The strand has 40% guar	nine	D. The opp	osite strand has ?	30% thymine
			•	

- 45. In mice, the yellow coat color is always found in heterozygous condition as homozygosity for the allele determining yellow coat color causes lethality. A cross is made between two yellow coat colored mice which has yielded 2/3 progeny that are yellow coat color and 1/3 progeny that are normal coat color. This is the best example of
  - A. recessive lethal allele
  - B. dominant lethal allele
  - C. X-linked lethal allele
  - D. Y-linked lethal allele
- 46. Match the following:
  - 1. Ramachandran plot
- i. Purification
- 2. Protein sequence
- ii. Pentose phosphate pathway
- 3. Dialysis
- iii. Torsional angles

4. Enzyme

- iv. Edman degradation
- 5. Ribose 5-phosphate
- v. Substrate
- vi. Tertiary structure
- A. 1-vi, 2-iv, 3-i, 4-iii, 5-ii
- B. 1-iii, 2-vi, 3-v, 4-i, 5-iv
- C. 1-iii, 2-iv, 3-i, 4-v, 5-ii
- D. 1-vi, 2-iii, 3-iv, 4-i, 5-ii
- 47. The synthesis of glucose from lactate, glycerol, or amino acids is called:
  - A. Glycogenolysis

B. Glycolysis

C. Lipolysis

D. Gluconeogenesis

- 48. The cyclostomata is:
  - A. A class in vertebrata
  - B. Stomata having circular structure
  - C. Chloroplast with circular shape
  - D. Fish which emits light
- 49. The antiviral drug Vidarabine
  - A. is a nucleoside analogue inhibits the synthesis of viral DNA.
  - B. is an analogue of aminoacyl-tRNA, inhibits the protein synthesis.
  - C. binds to small ribosomal subunit (30S) and interferes with protein synthesis.
  - D. blocks the penetration and uncoating of virus particles.

(4)		(B)	
(A)		(B)	
a. 5-bromouracil		(i) Adenine base ana	alogue '
b. Proflavin		(ii) Removes purine	<del>-</del>
c. 2-aminopurine		(iii) Thymine base an	<del>-</del>
d. Ethyl ethane sul	fonate		and A to hypoxanthine
e. Nitrous acid		(v) Intercalates betw	een base pairs
B. a(i), b(v), c(i) C. a(iii), b(ii), c	(i), d(ii), e(iv) v), d(iii), e(ii) (i), d(v), e(iv) iii), d(ii), e(v)		
~		. <del></del>	ccurs between these two loci. t proportion of the progeny will
A. 25%	B. 50%	C. 75%	D. 100%
52. The immunoglobulin tha	ut results in his	tamine release is	
A. IgA	B. IgD	C. IgE	D. IgM
53. Identify the target cell re	ceptor for cho	lera toxin	
A. Synaptic vesic	le	B. Capillary morpho	genesis protein-2
C, CR3 Integrin		D. Ganglioside	
54. Higher plants are unable	to fix dinitrog	en because they do not l	nave genes which encode
A. A membrane-	limited nuclea	r compartment	
	enzyme comp		
	nthase enzyme		
•	nthetase enzym		
55. When a boundary of a s surroundings then the sy		-	matter between system and
A. Open syster	n B. Closed s	system C. Isotherma	l system D. Adiabatic system

56. Barb	oara Mcclintock first	discovered transp	osab	le elements by experime	ntation with
	A. Drosophila mela C. Arabidopsis thal	_		B. Zea mays D. Neurospord	ı crassa
57. The	enzyme fumarate hyd	dratase is a			,
	A. Hydrolase C. Ligase		*,	B. Lyase D. Oxidoredu	ctase
				ent strain of plant pathogo form of the virus is known	
	A. Incineration C. Cross protection			B. Infestation D. Crossing o	ver
59. Whi	ich of the following s	tatements is <u>true</u>	abou	ut amino acids?	
60. Chl	<ul><li>B. Threonine ha</li><li>C. Only L-amin</li></ul>	s three chiral cen o acids occur in l ids have a pI-valu	tres iving ue ex	cept alanine	
	A. Carbon dioxide C. Nitrogen			B. Oxygen D. Ozone	
61. Son	ne stereoisomers are	nirror images of	each	other; they are called	-
	A. Diastereomers C. Cis-Trans isome	ers	B. D.	Enantiomers Geometric isomers	
	nally the two sugar m lecules?	olecules bind wit	h gly	cosidic bond. What type	of bond joins sugar
	A. Ionic	B. Hydrogen		C. Van der Walls	D. Covalent
	he average molecular tide made up of 10 ar	_		acid is 110 Daltons, the	molecular weight of a
	A. 1100	B. 938		C. 920	D. 789

64.	The peptide, Ala-Arg-Gln-Met-Thr-Trp-Lys-Val	, was digested	with	cyanogen	bromide to
	produce				

- A. Ala-Arg-Gln-Met + Thr-Trp-Lys-Val
- B. Ala-Arg-Gln-Met-Thr-Trp + Lys-Val
- C. Ala-Arg + Gln-Met-Thr-Trp-Lys-Val
- D. Ala-Arg-Gln + Met-Thr-Trp-Lys-Val
- 65. A solution has a pH of 3.5. What is its pOH?
  - A. 13.5
- B. 12.5
- C. 11.5
- D. 10.5

# 66. Consider the statements about sex determination in *Drosophila melanogaster* and choose the correct answer

- I. The flies with sex chromosome complement XO and two sets of autosomes (AA) are sterile males
- II. The flies with sex chromosome complement XXY and two sets of autosomes (AA) are fertile males
- III. The flies with sex chromosome complement XY and two sets of autosomes (AA) are fertile males
- IV. The files with sex chromosome complement XX and three sets of autosomes (AAA) are intersexes
- A. Statements I, II and III are correct
- B. Statements I, III and IV are correct
- C. Statements II, III and IV are correct
- D. Statements I, II and IV are correct
- 67. From the animal taxonomic studies, some of the examples/characteristics are listed is Column-A (L, M, N, O). Match its best combination with its corresponding phylum present in Column-B (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and select the correct answer.

Column D

Содиш-А	Column-D
L. Sycon	1. Cnidaria
M. Aurelia	<ol><li>Echinodermata</li></ol>
N. Bioluminescence	3. Ctenophora
O. Octopus	4. Porifera
•	<ol><li>Mollusca</li></ol>

A. L-4, M-1, N-3, O-5

Column A

- B. L-1, M-2, N-3, O-4
- C. L-5, M-4, N-1, O-2
- D. L-3, M-4, N-1, O-2

68. A decrease in 2,4-D will c	ause		
A. a decrease in cotyle C. an elongation of ro			in cotyledon size in stem curvature
69. The insecticide Gammexa	ne is		
A. DDT C. Benzene hexachlo	oride	B. Chloral D. Westrosol	
70. The association between t Buchnera aphidicola is a		is graminum) and the γ-pr	oteobacterium
A. Mutualism C. Parasitism		B. Commens D. Competiti	
71. One of the following state	ements is followed b	by the saturated fatty acids	S
<ul><li>A. High melting per</li><li>C. Nonlinear chair</li></ul>		B. Low melti D. Weak attr	
72. What is the primary funct	tion of gall bladder i	n human digestive systen	n? ·
<ul><li>A. Recovery of wate</li><li>B. Neutralize the sto</li><li>C. Production of bil</li><li>D. Stores and conce</li></ul>	omach acids contain e	ed in gastric chime	,
73. G. W. Beadle and E. L. T year 1958 for demonstrat each gene was responsibl research work was based	ing that all biochem e for the synthesis o	ical reactions were control of a specific enzyme. Thi	olled by genes and tha
•	nnts of <i>Drosophila</i> tants of <i>Neurospora</i>	·	
74. In proteins, N-linked olig	gosaccharides are at	tached to:	
A. Glutamine	B. Arginine	C. Lysine	D. Asparagine

coaguiate	owing bacterium is well known for es the fibrinogen in plasma. The clot t from other host defenses.	production protects th	n of the en ne pathogen	zyme coagulase which from phagocytosis and
	Staphylococcus aureus Streptococcus pneumoniae	B D	. Pseudome	onas aeruginosa ccus pyogenes
76. The IUPA	AC name of methyl cyanide is			
	Methyl-n-butyl amine Cyano methane		. Methane n . Ethane nit	
77. The stage:	s of parasitic protozoa that actively fee	d and mult	iply are calle	ed as:
А. Н	lydrozoites B. Cysts	C. Tropho	ozoites	D. Schizonts
78. In an antib	body Fab fragment:			
A. Is C. Bi	s produced by pepsin treatment. inds antigen.	B. Is prod D. Lacks	uced by pep light chains.	sin treatment.
79. Each cycle	e of β-oxidation produces			
B. 1 1 C. 1F	FADH2, 1 NAD+, and 1 acetyl-CoA FADH2, 1 NADH and 1 acetyl-CoA FADH2, 1 NADH and 2 CO <sub>2</sub> molecules FAD, 1 NAD+ and 2 CO <sub>2</sub> molecules			,
80. A man wit Their child	th heterozygous blood group A has chil dren cannot be	dren with a	a woman wh	o has type AB Blood.
B. 1 C. 1	Blood group AB Blood group O Blood group B Blood group A	¢	•	
31. Which amo	ong the following is a non-proteinogeni	ic toxic am	ino acid?	
	Arginine Canavanine		Homocystei Hydroxypro	

A. 3	36	B. 32	C. 18	D. 11
83. When ben with Zn/H		ozone to give a triozon	nide as an intermediate	which on treatment
A. M	aleic acid	B. Glyoxal	C. Toluic acid	D. Benzoic aci
		o a bucket of water, it er could help explain w	floats on the top of the hat you observed?	water. Which of the
B. It o C. It h	nas a strong surfaction dissolve large nas a high specific shydrophobic.	quantities of solute.	·	
85. Consider t	he following state	ements regarding struct	tural genes.	
H. TI III, T	ney encode protei			ds of a protein
. Whic	ch of the statemen	nts given above are <u>cor</u>	rect?	
A. B. C. D.	Statements I, II Statements I, II	and III are correct I and IV are correct and IV are correct II and IV are correct	•	,
86. Which of	the following gro	up of hormones are pro	: oduced by pituitary glan	nd posterior lobe?
В. С.	TSH and Prolacti Cortisone and Co Progesteron and Vasopressin and	orticosterone Estradiol	· .	

82. A cross is carried out between genotypes Aa BB Cc dd Ee and Aa Bb cc DD Ee. How many genotypes of progeny are possible?

- 87. Which of the following will typically have a higher 260/280 ratio in a micro-volume UV-VIS spectrophotometer, if the length of fragment in each case is same?
  - A. AT-rich single stranded DNA
  - B. GC-rich single stranded DNA
  - C. Complimentary RNA obtained from AT-rich single stranded DNA given in option A
  - D. Complimentary RNA obtained from GC-rich single stranded DNA given in option B
- 88. Which of the following forms of DNA will migrate faster in agarose gel electrophoresis? The condition is the molecular weight of these forms of DNA is equal.
  - A. Nicked circular DNA
  - B. Single stranded DNA
  - C. Double stranded DNA
  - D. Supercoiled circular DNA
- 89. Kinase reactions
  - A. Inhibit disaccharide breakdown
  - B. Involve in the transfer of a phosphate group
  - C. Involve in the addition or removal of an amino acid to a polypeptide chain
  - D. Involve in the transfer of hydrogen atoms
- 90. In a biochemical reaction, an oxidizing agent gets reduced by undergoing one of the following changes of state:
  - A. Losing electrons
  - B. Gaining electrons
  - C. Neither losing nor gaining electrons
  - D. Undergoes no change
- 91. The human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) that causes acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) is a
  - A. Single-stranded DNA virus
  - B. Double-stranded DNA virus
  - C. Double-stranded RNA virus
  - D. Retrovirus

92.	Which among	the following	is a polymer	of hydroxy	fatty acids?

A. Chitin

B. Cutin

C. Lignin

D. Pectin

#### 93. The fovea of the eye

- A. provides the highest and clearest vision
- B. has the lowest sight threshold
- C. is the condition of fungus infection in eye
- D. contains only rod
- 94. Choose the correct answer for the given statements

**Statement 1:** Azolla is a small aquatic moss that harbours Anabaena in pockets within its leaves

Statement 2: Azolla has proven useful as green manure in the rice paddy field.

- A. Statement 1 is correct whereas statement 2 is false
- B. Statement 2 is correct whereas statement 1 is false
- C. Both statements are true
- D. Both statements are false
- 95. Which of the following helps in getting a three-dimensional picture of the specimen?
  - A. Transmission Electron Microscope
  - B. Compound Microscope
  - C. Scanning Electron Microscope
  - D. Simple Microscope
- 96. Recently WHO has declared the COVID-19 as global pandemic. Which of the following information is **correct** regarding COVID-19?
  - A. Its genetic material is positive-sense single-strand RNA
  - B. Its genome size is appx. 30Mb
  - C. Its outermost covering is made up of phospholipid
  - D. It is popularly known as carnivorous
- 97. The Protein-Energy Malnutrition (PEM) observed in infants occurs due to simultaneous deficiencies of proteins as well as low energy-levels/calories and is known as:
  - A. Appendicitis

B. Gaucher's disease

C. Marasmus

D. Jaundice

	-	- ·		four sites giving rise to fragme seen after electrophoresis?	ents
01	which tinee a	re of equal length, now	many bands would be	seen area electrophotesis:	
	A. 2	B. 3	C. 4	D. 5	
99. Ide	entify the wro	ng statement correspond	ding to Robert Hewrn	nann Koch findings	
A.	He has esta	blished a causative relat	ionship between a mic	croorganism and disease.	
B.	Microorgan	isms can be isolated and	d grown in pure cultur	re from the diseased organism	
C.	When reint	roduced into a healthy	y organism should c	ause the disease and the sa	ame
	microorgan	ism must be reisolated	from the experimenta	I host which must be identica	l to
	the original	specific causative organ	nism.		
D.	His discove	eries helped in identifyin	ng the bacteria that car	use anthrax, cholera, tubercul	osis
	and salmon	ellosis.			
100. V	Vith respect to	o their surrounding mem	nbrane systems, which	is the <u>odd</u> one out?	
	A. Vacuol	le	B. Chloropl	ast	
	C. Endop	lasmic reticulum	D. Peroxiso	me	
		-			
•			//END//		

## **University of Hyderabad Entrance Examinations – 2020** Revised Key (1st October 2020)

School/Department/Centre

: Department of Plant Sciences, School of Life Sciences

Course/Subject

: M.Sc. Molecular Microbiology

Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.		Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer
1	D	26	D	51	В	76	D
2	В	27	Α	52	С	77	С
3	С	28	С	53	D	78	С
4	С	29	Α	54	В	79	В
5	D	30	С	55	В	80	В
6	В	31	D	56	В	81	С
7	D	32	С	57	В	82	Α
8	D	33	D	58	С	83	В
9	С	34	Α	59	Α	84	А
10	С	35	С	60	D	85	В
11	В	36	В	61	В	86	D
12	В	37	Α	62	D	87	С
13	D	38	С	63	В	88	D
14	B or D	39	С	64	Α	89	В
15	С	40	D	65	D	90	В
16	D <sup>2</sup>	41	С	66	В	91	D
17	С	42	В	67	Α	92	В
18	С	43	Α	68	С	93	Α
19	С	44	D	69	С	94	В
20	В	45	Α	70	A	95	С
21	С	46	С	71	Α	96	A
22	В	47	D	72	D	97	С
23	Α	48	Α	73	С	98	В
24	B or D	49	Α	74	D	99	D
25	В	50	Α	75	А	100	В
Note/Remarks: Question No. 14: B or D are correct							

Note/Remarks: Question No. 14: B or D are correct.

Question No. 24: B or D are correct.

School/Department/Centre

Dept. of Plant Sciences School of the Sciences University of Hyderabae Huderahad son nam is i