ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS - 2020

IMA: HINDI / LANGUAGE SCIENCE / TELUGU

HALL TICKET NUMBER:

INSTRUCTION

(Please read carefully)

The question paper has Three Sections

Viz. Part-A, Part-B and Part-C

Time: 2 hours Max. Marks: 100

(Part=A: 40 marks + Part-B: 35 Marks + Part-C: 25 Marks)

Answers must be marked on OMR sheets (with black/blue ball-point/sketch pen)

While answering Part -A

Students have to select only ONE of the following:

Part -A: Hindi (pages 2 to 6)

Or

Part -A: Language Science (pages 7 to 13)

Or

Part-A: Telugu (pages 14 to 17)

Part-B and Part-C are Compulsory

(Pages 18 to 28)

There will be negative marking of 0.33 for every wrong answer in part - A

There is no negative marking for part-B and part-C

This book contains 28 pages including this page and extra page for the rough work. Please check that your paper has all the Pages

NOTE: Candidates must indicate the option of Part-A by marking A for Hindi, B for Language Science, and C for Telugu on the OMR answer sheet for evaluation. In case of the option not being exercised by the candidate in the OMR answer sheet, the University reserves the right for not evaluating Part-A.

Part - A : Hindi

(Mark the booklet code 'A' in the OMR sheet)

1.	'जो अधिक बोलता हो' उसे कहते हैं	
	(A) वक्ता	(B) वाचाल
	(C) श्रोता	(D) मितभाषी
2.	इनमें कौन-सा शब्द 'अग्नि' का पर्यायवा	ची है?
	(A) समीर	(B) सोम
	(C) अनल	(D) अंबु
3.	`कौमुदी′ शब्द का अर्थ है	
	(A) चाँदनी	(B) फूल
	(C) नदी	(D) रात
4.	र्इर्ष्या का विलोम शब्द है	
	(A) करुणा	(В) प्रेम
	(C) आनंद	(D) द या
5.	'अनुवाद' शब्द में उपसर्ग है	
	(A) अ	(B) अंन
	(C) वाद	(D) अनु
6.	`परिपूर्णता <i>'</i> शब्द में प्रत्यय है	
	(A) पूर्णता	(B) ता
	(C) परि	(D) पूर्ण
7.	भ्मंत्री ′शब्द का सही बहुवचन रूप क्या है	;?
	(A) मंत्रीगण	(B) मंत्रियाँ
	(C) मंत्रीमंडल	(D) मुख्यमंत्री
8.	निम्नलिखित में से भाववाचक संज्ञा शब्द है?	
	(A) पुरुष	(B) गंगा
	(C) अच्छाई	(D) नदी
9.	निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा शब्द व्यक्तिवार्च	ो संज्ञा है?
	(A) नदी	(B) हिमालय
	(C) वंदर	(D) सुंदरता

10.	निम्नलिखित में कौन-सा शब्द जातिव	ाचक संज्ञा है?
	(A) लुहार	(B) प्रेमचंद
	(C) बुद्धापा	(D) गौरव
11.	निम्नलिखित में से स्त्री-लिंग शब्द कौन	-सा है?
	(A) घर	(B) लता
	(C) पेड़	(D) घोड़ा
12.	भोहन ने यह पुस्तक रवि के लिए ख	रीदी है।′ वाक्य में 'के लिए′ कौन−सा कारक है?
	(A) अधिकरण	(B) अपादान
	(C) करण	(D) संप्रदान
13.	`महोत्सव′ का सही संधि-विच्छेद है	÷
	(A) महान+उत्सव	(B) मही+उत्सव
	(C) महा+उत्सव	(D) महः+उत्सव
	107	12, 12, 13, 1
14.	'राजपुरुष′ में कौन−सा समास है ३	
	(A) तत्पुरुष	(B) बहुत्रीह
	(C) द्विगु	(D) अव्ययीभाव
15.	निम्नलिखित में वर्तनी की दृष्टि से कौन	-सा शब्द सही है ?
80	(A) ज्योत्ना	(B) ज्योस्ना
	(C) ज्योत्स्ना	(D) जोस्रा
16.	`हाथ मलते रह जाना′ मुहाबरे का उ	
	(A) दुखी होना	(B) क्रोध करना
	(C) हँसी उड़ाना	(D) पछताना
17.	निम्नलिखित में से संयुक्त-स्वर कौन-स	ग है?
	(A) \(\xi \)	(B) ए ; ·
	(C) ऊ	(D) आ
1.0		
18.	`गणेश' शब्द में कौन-सी संधि?	
	(A) दीर्घ संधि	(B) गुण संधि
	(C) वृद्धि संधि	(D) यण संधि
19.	इनमें से किस वाक्य में सकर्मक क्रिया व	
	(A) मोहन दूध पीता है।	(B) मोहन गाता है।
	(C) मोहन खेलता है।	(D) मोहन पढ़ता है।

	इतम प्रात-सा वाज्य अपूर्ण सूत क	ाल का उदाहरण ह:		
	(A) वह आता होगा।	(B) वह आया था।		
	(C) वह आया होगा।	(D) वह आया। ,		
	निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़ कर प्रश	प्र सं. 21 से 25 तक दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।		
	कथा पढ़ी थी – उपन्यास और या बाले लोगों की जीवनगाथा बुनी ग प्रकार से जुड़े थे कि एक को दूसरे से शोलोखोब के अमर उपन्यास 'और हुए मैं सोचा करता था कि अब तक	शेत होने वाली पत्रिका 'राष्ट्रवाणी' में मराठी लेखक की पर्यटन त्रावृत्त का अद्भुत सम्मिश्रण – जिसमें एक नदी के किनारे बसने ई थी। नदी का प्रवाह और मनुष्य की नियति – दोनों कुछ इस में अलग करना असम्भव था। कुछ ऐसा ही अविस्मरणीय अनुभव र चुपचाप डान बहती रही' पढ़कर हुआ था। इन पुस्तकों को पढ़ते के अपनी हिंदी में इस तरह की 'नदी गाथा' पढ़ने को नहीं मिली वन को अपने चिरंतन प्रवाह में प्रतिबिंबित कर सकें।		
21.	'राष्ट्रवाणी' पत्रिका कहाँ से प्रकार्	State of Charles I find the		
	(A) दिल्ली	(B) इलाहाबाद (B)		
	(C) पुणे	(D) वनारस		
22.	लेखक ने 'राष्ट्रवाणी' में किस भाष	गा के लेखक की पर्यटन कथा पढ़ी थी?		
	(A) मराठी	(B) हिंदी		
	(C) तेलुगु	(D) तमिल		
23	लेखक ने नदी के प्रवाह को किससे जुड़ा हुआ माना है।			
	(A) लोक की नियति	(B) लेखक की नियति		
	(C) मनुष्य की नियति	(D) संसार की नियती		
24.	पर्यटन कथा में किसके किनारे बसने	। वाले लोगों की जीवनगाथा बुनी गई थी?		
	(A) गाँव	(B) शहर		
	(C) महानगर	(D) नदी: *		
25	'और चुपचाप डान बहती रही <i>'</i>	केस विधा की रचना है?		
	(A) कहानी	(B) उपन्यास		
	(C) कविता	(D) नाटक		
26.	भक्रधौ, तुम हौ अति बड़भागी।			
		न मन अनुरागी।″ – ये किस कवि की पंक्तियाँ हैं?		
	(A) सूरदास	(B) तुलसीदास		
	(C) जायसी	(D) मीरांबाई		

27.	स्वारथ के सबर्हि सगे, बिन स्वा	रथ कोउ नाहिं ।	
	सेवै पंछी सरस तरु, निरस भए उड़ि जाहिँ॥ यह दोहा किस कवि का है?		
	(A) रसखान	(B) विहारीलाल	
	(C) रहीम	(D) वृन्द	
28.		<u> </u>	
20.	जाति न पूछो साधु की, पूछ र्ल		
		हन दो स्यान।।। यह दोहा किस कवि का है?	
	(A) कबीरदास	(B) सूरदास	
	(C) तुलसीदास	(D) रहीम	
29.	'गीतावली' किस कवि की रच	ना है?	
	(A) कबीरदास	(B) तुलसीदास	
	(C) सूरदास	(D) केशवदास	
30.	मीराबाई के गुरु का नाम क्या है		
	(A) वल्लभाचार्य	(B) नरहरिदास	
	(C) रैदास	(D) रामानंद	
31.	' उसने कहा था'' कहानी के ले	खक का नाम क्या है?	
	(A) चंद्रधर शर्मा गुलेरी	(B) प्रेमचंद	
	(C) फणीश्वरनाथ रेणु	(D) अमरकांत	
40.4			
32.		चंद्रकांता′ किस विधा की रचना है?	
	(A) उपन्यास	(B) कहानी	
	(C) नाटक	(D) कविता	
33.	'अंधा युग' काव्य-नाटक के	लेखक का नाम क्या है?	
	(A) भारतेंदु हरिश्चन्द्र	(B) धर्मवीर भारती	
	(C) मोहन राकेश	(D) सर्वेश्वरद्याल सक्सेना	
34.	'पंच परमेश्वर' कहानी के लेख		
	(A) जयशंकर प्रसाद	(B) प्रेमचंद ·	
	(C) अज्ञेय	(D) भीष्म साहनी	
35.	ेवर दे बीणाबादिनी वर दे। र	शीर्षक कविता के रचनाकार कौन हैं?	
22 11 25	(A) मैथिलीशरण गुप्त	(B) माखनलाल चतुर्वेदी	
	(C) सुमित्रानंदन पंत	(D) सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला	

36.	भेताजी का चश्मा ⁷ कहानी के लेख	क का नाम क्या है?
	(A) उदय प्रकाश	(B) यशपाल
	(C) राजेन्द्र यादव	(D) स्वयं प्रकाश
37.	'स्त्री-शिक्षा के विरोधी कुतर्कों का ख	iडन′ शीर्षक निबंध के लेखक कौन हैं?
	(A) महावीरप्रसाद द्विवेदी	(B) हजारीप्रसाद द्विवेदी
	(C) रामवृक्ष बेनीपुरी	(D) विवेकी राय
38.	' कैदी और कोकिला' शीर्षक कवित	ा के रचनाकार का नाम क्या है?
	(A) माखनलाल चतुर्वेदी	(B) सुमित्रानंदन पंत
	(C) मैथिलीशरण गुप्त	(D) दिनकर
39.	'उदारीकरण' शब्द का अंग्रेज़ी अनु	वाद है
	(A) Globalization	(B) Privatization
		(D) Westernization
40.	'Bill' शब्द का हिन्दी अनुवा	द है
	(A) अधिसूचना	(B) अधिनियम
	(C) पत्र	(D) विधेयक

Part - A : Language Science

(Mark the booklet code 'B' in the OMR sheet)

1.	1. Portuguese is still spoken in one of the following States/Union territories of India:	
	(A) Lakshadweep	(B) Goa
	(C) Andaman	(D) Pondicherry
2.	Schedule of the	e Constitution of India deals with languages.
	(A) VI	(B) V
	(C) VIII	(D) XII
3.	As per the recommendations of the speaking states is	Three-Language Formula 'second language' in non-Hindi
	(A) Hindi or English	(B) Hindi only
	(C) English only	(D) Sanskrit
4.	The name of the dreadful virus 'cor	ona' is derived from
	(A) French	(B) Latin
	(C) German	(D) English
5. Which one of the following languages has been revived from the status of a s national language acquiring millions of native speakers?		
	(A) Sanskrit	(B) Latin
	(C) Greek	(D) Hebrew
6.	CC in E-mail correspondence refers	s to,
	(A) Circulated copy	(B) Carbon copy
	(C) Closed copy	(D) Confidential copy
7. Which one of the following languages is no of India		ges is not recognized in the VIII th Schedule to the constitution
	(A) English	(B) Bodo
	(C) Dogri	(D) Santhali
8.	Which one among the following is	not a literary work?
	(A) Ramayana	(B) Mahabharata
	(C) Ashtadhyayi	(D) Abhignana Shakuntalam
		.7 -

9.		process called clipping. E.g. the word <i>gym</i> is clipped this, from which one of the following is the word <i>flu</i>	
	(A) Influence	(B) Influenza	
	(C) Superfluous	(D) Fluoride	
10.	Consider the two sentences, i) Runni	ng is a good exercise ii) Peter is running to the store.	
	The word running in these two sentences functions as		
	(A) Noun in (i) and verb in (i	0	
	(B) Verb in (i) and Noun in (i	ii)	
	(C) Noun in both (i) and (ii)		
	(D) Verb in both (i) and (ii)		
11.	Which of the following statements ar	re true of languages?	
	(i) Languages which do not have(ii) All spoken languages have so(iii) Not all spoken languages have(iv) Speech existed prior to writing	cripts ve written forms	
	(A) (ii) and (iii)	(B) (iii) and (iv)	
	(C) Only (iii)	(D) Only (iv)	
12.	The country with the highest number	of languages in the world is	
	(A) Nigeria	(B) Indonesia	
	(C) India	(D) Papua New Guinea	
13.	Consider the following plural forms	of nouns in Telugu:	
	cettu tree mettu step kattu bandage	cetlu trees metlu steps katlu bandages	
	Based on the above the plural of bota	tu 'drop' would be:	
	(A) bottulu	(B) bottlu	
	(C) botlu	(D) botulu	

-8.-

14.	Given below a	are three words and ce. Which one do y	I their meanings in languages that have evou think is the source language?	evolved from a	
	Language A:	patti 'cotton': pati	ti 'held, young one'		
	Language B:	patti 'cotton, held'	: paṭṭi 'young one'		
	Language C:	patti 'cotton': pa <u>ti</u>	ti 'held' : pațți 'young one'		
	(A) La	anguage C; (B)) Language A;		
	(C) La	anguage B; (D) None of the above;		
15.	Which of the	following states rec	cognized English as an official language	?	
	(A) G	oa, Pondicherry, A	ndaman and Nicobar Islands		
	(B) D	elhi, West Bengal,	Goa		
	(C) Nagaland, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh				
	(D) K	erala, Nagaland, Po	ondicherry		
16.	Which one of instruction?	f the following orga	anizations strongly advocate mother tong	gue as medium of	
	(A) N	ATO	(B) UNQ		
•	(C) W	7НО	(D) UNESCO		
17.	Indian languag	ges can be categorized	d as in the following:		
	(A)	National and Inte	rnational		
	(B)	Scheduled and no	onscheduled		
	(C)	Official and Uno	fficial :		
	(D)	Tribal and nontri	bal		
18.	Which of the instruction?		nts elucidate the benefits of mother tong		
	(i).	Children learn be	etter and faster in a language they unders ol more, they feel more at home.	stand	
	(ii). (iii).	Pupils tend to she	ow increased self-esteem.		
	(iv)		group participation is increased.		

	(A)	Statements (i) t	to (iii)	
	(B)	Statements (i) t	to (iv)	
	(C)	Statements (i) a	and (ii)	1
	(D)	Statements (iii)) and (iv)	
(a)			mation from any language to any other langua xactly the same thing as the original.	ige and have
(b)	We ca	an translate inform	mation from any language to any other language ortant aspects of cultural context and layers of	
Whic			nces drawn from the above statements is true correct while (b) is correct.	?
	(B) S	tatements (a) and	(b) are correct.	
	(C) B	oth the statement	s (a) and (b) are incorrect.	
	(D) S	tatement (a) is co	prrect while (b) is incorrect.	
20. The 7		Burman languages North-Western Res	s are mainly spoken in which part of the count gion	try?
	(B) S	outhern Region		
	(C) C	entral Region		
	(D) N	North- Eastern Reg	gion	
	do you s in Eng	A DANIEL STATE OF THE PARTY OF	ondence between the spelling and the pronun	ciation of
	(A) R	egular	(B) Frequently regular	
	(C) Ir	regular	(D) Frequently irregular	
22. The d		ation of an Indian	n ₹10 banknote is written in	
langu	(A) 1	7	(B) 18	
	(C) 22	2	(D) 15	
	's highe	st literary award p	presented to an author for his/her contribution	towards
		admashree	(B) Bharat Ratna	
	(C) Jr	nanapith	(D) Padma Bhushan	
			1 />	

19.

24. Most of the Indian scripts are derive	ed from:	
(A) Ancient Roman	(B) Kharoshti	
(C) Perso-Arabic	(D) Brahmi	
have evolved over time along with the	can speak a language. Experts say that our languages ne evolution of humans during the last 100,000 years. robably goes back to 5000 years. On this basis which	
(A) Some languages are olde	r or younger than others	
(B) No human language is old	der or younger than the other	
(C) There is one language that	at was oldest and another that is youngest	
(D) None of the above statem	nents are correct.	
capacities, and rights; all have attentiveness, retentiveness, reason appropriate statement from the follow		
(A) Anybody can learn any la		
(B) Some people cannot learn some languages (C) Some languages cannot be learnt by some people		
(D) Anybody cannot learn an		
(D) Anybody Camot Cam an	y language	
27. In order to get information about how be constructed we refer to a/an	v sentences, phrases and clauses of a language are to	
(A) Thesaurus	(B) Encyclopedia	
(C) Dictionary	(D) Grammer text.	
28. The study of the history of words is c (A) Etymology	called (B) Entomology	
(C) Lexicography	(D) Historiography	
(C) Lexicography	(D) Thistoriography	
29. The official language of Jharkhand is (A) Magahi	(B) Hindi	
(C) Bhojpuri	(D) Sadri	

(<i>P</i>	(A) Exclusion) Contradiction		
(0	C) Inclusion	(D) Similarity		,
Consider t	he following data fro	m Blatin:			
pelabas pelabat pelabim	I wash he washes you washed he washed I will wash you will wash	noret norebam norebas norebis	I worked you worked you will work	katibat	I jump you jump I jumped he jumped I will jump he will jump
Based on	the above data answ	wer the follo	wing questions:		
31. I (1 st pers	on Sg.) is	(B)	am		
(C	c) lam	(D)	S		
	() s	(B)			
(0	c) is	(D)	bas		
	s) et	_· (B)	bat		
	() lat	(D)	oat .		
(A	is indicated by () bi () bas	(B)			
	ense is indicated by am	· (B)	at		
(C	es es	(D)	Ø		
	guage 'pelas' mean .) He jumps		I washed		
			You wash		

How does one say in Blatin:

37. He will wash

(A) pelabit

(B) pelabam

(C) pelabitis

(D) pelabatis

38. I work

(A) norem

(B) norebet

(C) noris

(D) noremes

39. He jumps

(A) atim

(B) katibat

(C) katit

(D) katitam

40. He worked

(A) oret

(B) rebam

(C) orebit

(D) norebat

Part-A: Telugu

(Mark the Booklet code 'C' in the OMR Sheet)

1. "నడి సముద్రపు నావరీతిగా" లోని అర్థాలంక	ారం?
(A) రూపకం	(B) ఉపమ
(C) ఉత్పేక	(D) దీపకం
2. 'కలుపు మొక్కలు' కథా రచయిత?	
(A) విశ్వనాథ సత్యనారాయణ	(B) ರಾವಿಕ್ಸ್ತ್ರಾ
(C) ಶ್ರಿಕಿಂದ ಸುಬ್ರహ್ಮಣ್ಯ ಕಾಸ್ತ್ರಿ	(D) ಮಲ್ಲಾದಿ ಸುಾರ್ಯನಾರಾಯಣ ಕಾಸ್ತ್ರಿ
3. సి.నారాయణరెడ్డి రచించిన దీర్ఘ కావ్యం?	
(A) నాగార్జున సాగరం	(B) తృణకంకణం
(C) విశ్వనాథ నాయకుడు	(D) శివతాండవం
4. ప్రాస నియమం లేని తెలుగు పద్యం?	
(A) తరువోజ	(B) సీసం
(C) కందం	(D) ద్విపద
5. 'అత్యుగ్రము' ఏ సంధి?	
(A) అయవాదేశ సంధి	(B) గుణ సంధి
(C) వృద్ధి సంధి	(D) ಯಣಾದೆಕ ಸಂಧಿ
6. సరైన రూపాన్ని గుర్తించండి?	
• (A) පමිಧි	(В) ⇔ө주
(C) ಅಥಿದಿ	(D) ಅಥಿම
7. భూతకాలిక అసమాపక క్రియను ఏమని వ్యవ	వహరిస్తారు?
(A) క్వార్థం	(B) శత్రద్ధకం
(C) చేదర్థకం	(D) అప్పర్థకం
8. ಇಂಟರ್ನ್ನಿಟ್ (Internet)ನು ತೆಲುಗುಲ್ ಈ ವಿ	ధంగా వ్యవహరిస్తున్నారు?
(A) ಅಂతరంగజాలం	(B) అంతర్గతజాలం
(C) అంతర్జాలం	(D) సంగణకజాలం
9. 'ముసలమ్మ మరణం' కావ్య రచయిత ఎవర	5?
(A) పింగళి లక్ష్మీకాంతం	(B) ಕಟ್ಟಮಂವಿ ರಾಮಲಿಂಗಾರೆಡ್ಡಿ
(C) కాశీభట్ల బ్రహ్మయ్య శాస్త్రి	(D) రాళ్ళపల్లి అనంతకృష్ణశర్మ
10. "స్వరాజ్యం నా జన్మ హక్కు" అని నినది౦	ವಿನವ್ರು?
(A) బాలగంగాధర్ తిలక్	(B) భగత్ సింగ్
(C) సుభాష్ చంద్రబోస్	(D) టంగుటూరి ప్రకాశం పంతులు

11. "భావకవిన్మాత్రము కాన్నే నహంభావ కవిని" ఇ	అని ఎలుగెతి చాటిన కవి?
(A) ಫ಼ರ್ಗ	్త (B) పఠాభి
(C) దాశరథి	(D) & &
12. నానీల రచనలో ప్రసిద్ధి చెందినవారు?	
(A) సుగమ్ బాబు	(B) ಗಾಲಿ ನಾಸರರಿಡ್ಡಿ
(C) రావిరంగారావు	(D) ఎన్. గోపి
13. మూడు ఇంద్రగణాలు ఒక సూర్య గణం ఉం	డే జాతి పద్యం?
(A) తరువోజ	(B) కందం
(C) ద్విపద	(D) మధ్యాక్కర
14. "లేబర్ రూమ్" రచయిత్రి?	
(A) కొండేపూడి నిర్మల	(B) ఘంటసాల నిర్మల
(C) సత్యవతి	(D) జయప్రభ
15. "అబ్జభవుడు" అంటే?	
(A) విష్ణవు	(B) చంద్రుడు
(C) బ్రహ్మ	(D) సూర్యుడు
16. బాలవ్యాకరణాన్ని అనుసరించి 'తెలుగునకు .	వర్ణములు'?
(A) ්ධහයි	(B) නභාబධි
(C) ఏబది యైదు	(D) ముప్పదియారు
17. 'నా యెఱుక' పేరుతో స్పీయ చరిత్ర రాసుకు	న్నది?
 (A) అయ్యదేవర కాళేశ్వరరావు 	(B) ಆದಿಭಟ್ಲ ನಾರಾಯಣದಾಸು
(C) వెన్నెలకంటి సుబ్బారావు	(D) చిలకమర్తి లక్ష్మీ నరసింహం
18. 'సుగాత్రి' పాత్ర ఏ ప్రబంధంలోనిది?	
(A) మనుచరిత్ర	(B) కళాపూర్ణోదయము
(C) ఆముక్తమాల్యద	(D) వసుచరిత్ర
19. "సంగీత రహస్య కళానిధి"గా పేరుపొందిన క	5?
(A) రామరాజభూషణుడు	(B) త్యాగయ్య
(C) అన్నమయ్య	(D) పింగళి సూరన,
20. నన్నయ భారతంలో "ఉదంకోపాఖ్యానం" ఏ ప	సర్వంలో ఉంది?
(A) శాంతిపర్వం	(B) సభాపర్వం
(C) అరణ్యపర్వం	(D) ఆదిపర్వం
21. పాల్కురికి సోమనాథుడు బెజ్జమహాదేవి కథన	మ ఏ కావ్యంలో చెప్పారు?
(A) పండితారాధ్య చరిత్ర	(B) చతుర్వేదసారము
(C) బసవపురాణము	(D) సోమనాథస్త్రవము
	-15
	-15

22. 'వాల్మీకి చరిత్రము' కావ్య రచయిత?	
(A) రఘునాథ నాయకుడు	(B) కామరసు వేంకటపతి
(C) చేమకూర వేంకటకవి	(D) వీరరాఘవ నాయకుడు
23. 'కాపుటిల్లాలు' ఏ సంధి?	
(A) ద్విరుక్తటకార సంధి	(B) రుగాగమ సంధి
(C) బుగాగమ సంధి	(D) పడ్వాది సంధి
24. పానుగంటి లక్ష్మీనరసింహం రాసిన సాక్షివ్యాసాలలోని ఒకప	- 6
(A) రామదాసు	(B) కాళిదాసు
(C) హరిదాసు	(D) ವಾಣಿದಾಸು
25. "రెడ్డిరాజ్యాల చరిత్ర" గ్రంథకర్త?	
(A) బి.ఎన్. శాస్త్రి	(B) మల్లంపల్లి సామశేఖర శర్మ
(C) తిరుమల రామచంద్ర	(D) కొవుర్రాజు లక్ష్మణరావు
26. "ముంతాజ్ మహల్" కావ్య రచయిత?	
(A) జాషువా	(B) బోయిభీమన్న
(C) ಸಿನಾರ	(D) కాళోజీ
27. 'కలికి' అనే శబ్దానికి బహువచనం?	
(A) కలికులు	(B) కులుకులు
(C) కలికిలు	(D) కలుకులు
28. "స్వర్గానికి నిచ్చెనలు" నవలా రచయిత?	
• (A) ವಿಕ್ವನಾಥ ಸತ್ಯನಾರಾಯಣ	(B)
(C) అడవి బాపీరాజా	(D) ಬುವ್ಬಿಬಾಬು
29. "సహజ పండితుడు" బిరుదాంకితుడు?	
(A) తిక్కన	(B) పోతన
(C) శ్రీనాథుడు	(D) నంది తిమ్మన
30. 'గోల్కొండ' పత్రిక సంపాదకుడు?	
(A) ಕಂದುತూರಿ ವಿರೆಸಲಿಂಗಂ	(B) ೯೦ಡ್ ವಿಂಕಟಸ್ಪುಯ್ಯ
(C) సురవరం ప్ర తా పరెడ్డి	(D) కాశీనాథుని నాగేశ్వరరావు
31. 'గాఢనిద్ర' ఏ సమాసం?	
(A) విశేషణ పూర్వపద కర్మధారయం	(B) ವಿಕೆಷಣ ఉತ್ತರವದ ಕರ್ಡಧಾರಯಂ
(C) ఉపమాన పూర్వపద కర్మధారయం	(D) విశేషణ ఉభయపద కర్మధారయం
32. "పెనుగొండ లక్ష్మి" కావ్య రచయిత?	
(A) పుట్టపర్తి నారాయణాచార్యులు	(B) గుంటూరు శేషేంద్రశర్మ
(C) రాయప్రాలు సుబ్బారావు	(D) నండూరి సుబ్బారావు

33. "పలుకే బంగారమాయెనా" కీర్తనను రచించినవ	ారు? -
(A) అన్నమయ్య	(B) కంచెర్ల గోపన్న
(C) ತ್ಯಾಗಯ್ಯ	(D) <u>క</u> ేత్రయ్య
34. సైగలను మాత్రమే వాడుతూ చేసే అవధానం?	
(A) అష్టావధానం	(B) నేత్రావధానం
(C) సహ <u>స</u> ్రవధానం	(D) శతావధానం
35. 2021లో వచ్చే తెలుగు సంవత్సరం పేరు	
(A) శుభకృత్	(B) విశ్వావసు
(C) ವಿಕಾರಿ	(D) ప్లవ
36. వ్యావహారిక భాష్టాద్యమానికి కృషి చేసినవారు	
(A) జయంతి రామయ్య	(B) వేదం వెంకటరాయశాస్త్రి
(C) కాశీభట్లబ్రహ్మయ్య శాస్త్రి	(D) గిడుగు రామ్మూర్తి
37. 'కాశ్మీర దీపకళిక' పేరుతో యాత్రా చరిత్ర రచించి	నది?
(A) నాయిని కృష్ణకుమారి	(B) ಯಕ್ ದಾ ರెడ్డి
(C) ఇల్లిందుల సరస్వతీదేవి	(D) ಕಾಕ್ಯಾಯನಿ ವಿದ್ಯಪಾ
38. "నేను చెమట బొందువుని, కండల కొండల్లో ఉద	వయించే లోక బాంధవుణ్ణి" లోని అలంకారం?
(A) రూపకం	(B) ఉల్లేఖం
(C) దృష్టాంతం	(D) స్వభావో <u>క్</u> తి
39. "మునివాహనుడు" నాటక రచయిత?	
* (A) පම්ුර	(B) గొల్లపూడి మారుతీరావు
(C) కొలకలూరి ఇనాక్	(D) బోయిభీమన్న
40. నూరు ముక్తకాల సంపుటిని ఏమంటారు?	
(A) ఉదాహరణ కావ్యం	(B) స్త్రాత్రం
(C) ప్రబంధం	(D) శతకం

Part – B

41. Which	of the following sentences means, "He visited Delhi"
A.	He has gone to Delhi.
В.	He has been to Delhi.
C.	He is to go to Delhi.
D.	He will be going to Delhi.
42. Which	of the following sentences is grammatically accurate:
A.	We are committed to keeping ourselves safe from COVID- 19.
В.	We are committed to keep ourselves safe from COVID- 19.
C.	We are committed to keeping ourselves safe with COVID- 19.
D.	We are committed to keep ourselves safe with COVID- 19.
	been working ten years.
	for
	since units
	up to from
	believe his word until and unless see the cheque yourself.
	you don't
	you can't you won't
	you won't
- 2.	,04
	oredatory dinosaurs, few were bigger, faster and nastier than the tyrant lizard of nation, the Tyrannosaurus ex." Which of the options given is implied here?
A:	All dinosaurs were predatory.
В.	All predatory dinosaurs we bigger, faster and nastier than the Tyrannosaurus ex .
C.	Not all dinosaurs were predatory.
D.	None of the predatory dinosaurs were big, fast and nasty.
16 Arati's	hobbies include swimming, jogging and .
	to climb mountains
	climb mountains
C.	climbing mountains
	to climb

47. Who	isRajiv or Rama?
A.	tallest
	taller
	tall
D.	the tallest
From the choi (Questions 48	ces provided, find the appropriate response to the statements given , 49).
48. Can I park	my car here?
A .	Sorry, I did that.
	Not right.
	Only for an hour
D.	It's rather hot today.
49. I want two	tickets for the show tonight.
A.	Afternoon or night?
В.	I'll just check.
C.	Not really.
D.	Let's make it fast.
50. 'A bird in	hand is worth two in the bush'. This means:
A.	To have something is better that having nothing.
	Birds are very hard to catch.
	There is no point in being envious.
	A trained bird id very valuable.
51. Find the ri	ght option and fill the blank.
The	our University provides is comfortable.
A.	accommodation
B.	acommodation
C.	accomodation
D.	acomodation.
	ord that can replace the underlined word: Take precaution so as to not get hurt eam from the pressure cooker.
A. pino	thed
A. pinc B. brui	
C. scal	
D. cut	
	19

A. to end up in nothing significant	
B. to gain utmost importance	
C. to praise others and oneself	
D. to quickly reach target	
54. Select the word with correct spelling.	y
A. Servent	
B. Sarvent	
C. Servant D. Sarvant	
55. Find the nearest meaning of the word SPURRED in the following sentence:	
The media statements issued by the spokesperson <u>spurred</u> a massive demonstration among people who misunderstood the whole act that came out of a bill that was accepted by the major stakeholder representatives.	
A. instigated	
B. prompted	
C. reflected	
D. agitated	
56. I have sent a birthday present to my brother. I hope it arrives for his birthday.	
A. on time	
B. in time	
C. at time	
D. by time	
57. She was very insolent. Insolent is	
A. rude and disrespectful.	
B. becoming bankrupt.	
C. being very ill.	
D. mentally disturbed.	
58. The country has managed to the spread of the new epidemic. A. regulate	
B. retract	
C. redeem D. restrict	

_20-

59.		next month, so that we can go on a trip.
	A.	I'm not working
	В.	I don't work.
	C.	I won't work.
		I didn't work
	٠.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
60.	Th	ey are not tired enough to go to bed yet. They wouldn't sleep if they
		to bed now.
	A.	are going
	B.	went
	C.	had gone
		would go
6 1	33 71	nich of the following is a meaningful sentence?
01.		Rocks are made up of minerals which are naturally occurring solid materials having a
	11.	definite chemical composition.
	R	Rocks are minerals made up of which are naturally occurring solid materials having a
	D.	definite chemical composition.
	C	Rocks are made up of naturally occurring solid materials minerals which are having a
	C .	definite chemical composition.
	D	Rocks are made up a definite chemical composition of minerals which are naturally
	υ.	occurring solid materials having.
.62.	Ad	vance booking orders will be good for timely deliveries. Book same-day orders
	<u></u>	_10 AM. for, for
		of, by
		for, since
		to, by
63	cc	OVETOUS means:
os.		virtuous
		secretive
		avaricious
	D.	sheltering
64.	Suc	ddenly, he found himself stuck on the horns of an unlikely
		dilemma
		novelty
		circumstance
	D.	event

- 65. Which of the following sentences indicates that Susan is being frank?
 - A. Susan said, "Frank confessed everything."
 - B. Susan said, "Frankly, he confessed everything."
 - C. Susan said, "He confessed everything frankly."
 - D. Susan said, "Frank was frank."

Read the following excerpt and answer the questions which follow it.

The palanquin belonged to the days of my grandmother. It was of ample proportion and lordly appearance. It was big enough to have needed eight bearers for each pole. But when the former wealth and glory of the family faded like the glowing clouds of sunset, the palanquin bearers, with their gold bracelets, their thick earrings, and their sleeveless red tunics, disappeared along with it. The body of the palanquin had been decorated with coloured line drawings, some of which were now defaced. Its surface was stained and discoloured, and the coir stuffing was coming out of the upholstery. It lay in a corner of the counting house veranda as though it were a piece of commonplace lumber. I was seven to eight years old at that time.

I was not yet, therefore, of an age to put my hands to any serious work in the world, and the old palanquin on its part had been dismissed from all useful service. Perhaps it was this fellow feeling that so much attracted me towards it. It was to me an island in the midst of the ocean, and I on my holidays became Robinson Crusoe. There I sat within its closed doors, completely lost to view, delightfully safe from prying eyes.

- 66. Which of the following is the theme of the passage?
 - A. The attitudes of the writer.
 - B. Robinson Crusoe
 - C. The life of the writer
 - D. The grandeur of palanquin
- 67. The phrase, 'lordly appearance' means that the palanquin in its appearance was:
 - A. grand
 - B. old
 - C. large
 - D. costly.
- 68. Which of the following statements is **NOT** true?

Palanquin ...

- A. belonged to the bygone days
- B. was of large size and used to be carried by more than one person.
- C. was in a dilapidated condition.
- D. was considered a useful commonplace object by the writer's family

- 69. Choose the option that has the best punctuation.
 - A. I am a good, player.
 - B. I, am a good player.
 - C. I'm a good player.
 - D. I am a good-player
- 70. None of my friends _____ there.
 - A. are
 - B. is
 - C. am
 - D. were

Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

Walk in the park

How times have changed! Take the common expression 'a walk in the park'. It referred to an easy, non-strenuous, even pleasant task. And now? It involves dressing up (or down), walking shoes, liquids for hydration, personal music device, mobile phone (but, of course!), roll-on deo, etc. Oh! Don't forget the pet food for the stray dogs. Hurry, the engine is idling.

- 71. Taking a walk earlier was
 - A. a casual stroll
 - B. a serious exercise
 - C. meant for entertainment
 - D. part of one's job.
- 72. The writer is probably
 - A. a young adult
 - B. an older adult
 - C. a teenager
 - D. a child
- 73. Taking a walk in modern times implies
 - A. that gadgets are essential
 - B. that it is entertainment
 - C. that it is for show
 - D. that one should dress the part

- 74. The expression "but, of course" implies that
 - A. a mobile phone has become an essential extension
 - B. one should not forget the mobile phone
 - C. one cannot be cut off from the world
 - D. one should talk with friends when taking a walk
- 75. The last sentence suggests that the writer is being:
 - A. modern
 - B. ironic
 - C. dismissive
 - D. humorous

Part – C

76.	How many stanzas of Rabindrar	nath Tagore's 'Jana Gana Mana' have been adopted as
	India's National Anthem?	
	(A) Only the first stanza	(B) First and second stanza
	(C) Only the last stanza	(D) The whole song
77.	Cloud floats in the atmosphere b	pecause they have low:
	(A) density	(B) temperature
	(C) velocity	(D) pressure
78.	Who is known as the 'Missile Wor	nan' of India?
	(A) Anuradha TK	(B) Kalpana Chawla
	(C) Tessy Thomas	(D) Minal Rohit
79	In which country Angkor Wat temp	ple is situated?
	(A) Nepal	(B) India
	(C) Sri Lanka	(D) Cambodia
80.	The book <i>Devdas</i> has been writt	ten by:
	(A) Munshi Premchand	(B) Sarat Chandra Chatterjee
	(C) R.K Narayan	(D) Mulk Raj Anand
81.	Koneru Humpy is associated with	which game?
	(A) Badminton.	(B) Lawn Tennis
	(C) Chess	(D) Cricket
82.	The common term for the crime	of steeling passwords is:
	(A) Spooling	(B) Hacking
	(C) Spoofing	(D) Cyber theft.

83.	What is the title of the autobiography	y of APJ Abdul Kalam?
	(A) The Race of life	(B) Wings of Fire
	(C) An Autobiography	(D) My Story
84.	Which is the acid present in lemon?	•
	(A) Oxalic acid	(B) Tartaric acid
	(C) Glycolic acid	(D) Citric Acid
85.	One Terabyte (1 TB) is equal to	GB
	(A) 1000	(B) 1064
	(C) 1028	(D) 1024
86.	Who invented the World Wide Web	?
	(A) Tim Berners Lee	(B) Sir Thomas
	(C) Charles Babbage	(D) None of these
87.	Who is the founder of the online reta	ail company 'Amazon'?
	(A) Mark Zuckerberg	(B) Jeffrey Bezos
	(C) Bill Gates	(D) Elon Musk
88.	The 55th Jnanpith Award for the year	ar 2019 has been conferred to
	(A) Akkitham	(B) Dr. Raghuvir Chaudhari
	(C) Shanka Ghosh	(D) Krishna Sobti
89.	'Jalikattu' is associated with which I	ndian festival?
	(A) Onam	(B) Pongal
	(C) Bihu	(D) Holi
90	World environment day is celebrated	d on
	(A) 5 June	(B) 10 May
	(==) = =====	•

_	Δ.			
91.	Who is the author of A Suitable	· Boy?		
	(A) Vikram Seth	(B) Arvind Adiga		
	(C) R.K. Narayan	(D) Khushwant Singh		
92.	The Arjuna award is dedicated t	to the promotion of		
	(A) Literature	(B) Sports		
	(C) Music	(D) Dance		
93	In which state did the 'Madhuba	ani' style of painting originate?		
	(A) Punjab	(B) Assam		
	(C) Bihar	(D) Gujarat		
94	Which was the first talkie feature film in India?			
	(A) Raja Harishchandra	(B) Mother India		
	(C) Mughal-E-Azam	(D) Alam Ara		
95	Kuchipudi dance originated in _			
	(A) Andhra Pradesh	(B) Karnataka		
	(C) Punjab	(D) Kerala		
96	Who amongst the following has s	served the longest as Chief Minister in India?		
	(A) Chandra Babu Naidu	(B) J. Jayalalitha		
	(C) Jyoti Basu	(D) Pawan Kumar Chamling		
97	English is the official language of	f which Indian state?		
	(A) Kerala	(B) Tripura		
	(C) Nagaland	(D) Manipur		
98	Who said 'A good citizen makes a good State and a bad citizen makes a bad State			
	(A) Plato	(B) Aristotle		
	(C) Rousseau	(D) Laski		

99	The playing time of the full vers	sion of Indian National Anthem is	seconds
	(A) 60	(B) 52	
	(C) 75	(D) 55	
100	The Constitution of India was a	dopted on	
	(A) 26 January 1950	(B) January 01, 1950	
	(C) December 31, 1948	(D) 26 November, 1949	

University of Hyderabad **Entrance Examinations - 2020**

School/Department/Centre:

College for Integrated Studies

Course/Subject

I.M.A. Hindi / Language Science / Telugu

Q No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer	Q. No.	Answer
1	В	26	A	51.	Α	76.	A
2	C	27	D	52.	С	77.	A
3	Α	28	A	53.	Α	78.	C
4	В	29	В	54.	С	79.	D
5	D	30	C	55.	В	80.	В
6	В	31	A	56.	В	81.	С
7	Α	32	A	57.	Α	82.	С
8	C	33	В	58.	D	83.	В
9	В	34	В	59.	Α	84.	D
10	A	35	D	60.	В	85.	D
11	В	36	D	61.	Α	86.	A
12	D	37	Α	62.	В	87.	В
13	С	38	A	63.	С	88.	A
14	A	39	C	64.	Α	89.	В
15	С	40	D	65.	В	90.	A
16	D	41.	В	66.	D	91.	A
17	` B	42.	Α	67.	Α	92.	В
18	В	43.	Α	68.	D	93.	С
19	Α	44.	D	69.	С	94.	D
20	D	45.	С	70.	В	95.	A
21	С	46.	С	71.	Α	96.	D
22	A	47.	В	72.	В	97.	C
23	C	48.	С	73.	D	98.	В
24	D	49.	В	74.	Α	99.	В
25	В	50.	Α	75.	В	100.	D

Luis vois

Director

Director

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